



Reg No.: _____

Name: _____

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
B.Tech Degree S3 (S) Examinations May 2026 (2024 Scheme)

Course Code: PBMRT304

Course Name: ANALOG ELECTRONICS

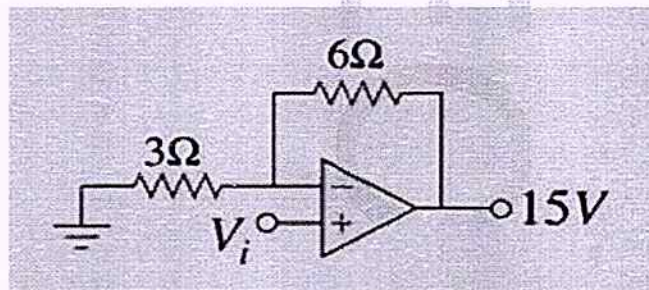
Max. Marks: 40

Duration: 2 hours 30 minutes

PART A

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks)

		CO	Marks
1	Explain the negative resistance region in the V-I characteristics of UJT.	CO1	(2)
2	In a CB configuration, current amplification factor is 0.9. If the emitter current is 1mA, determine the value of Base current.	CO1	(2)
3	Discuss the effects of negative feedback in terms of gain & bandwidth.	CO2	(2)
4	What are the key differences between LC & RC Oscillators.	CO2	(2)
5	List any four ideal characteristics of op-amp.	CO3	(2)
6	Calculate the i/p voltage if the o/p voltage is 15V in the given op-amp circuit?	CO3	(2)



7	Define any two specifications of ADC.	CO4	(2)
8	How does an integrator circuit help in generating a triangular waveform.	CO4	(2)

PART B

(Answer any one full question from each module, each question carries 6 marks)

Module -1

- 9 a) Prove that the maximum conversion efficiency of a Class B power amplifier is 75%. CO1 (6)
- 10 a) Explain the V-I characteristics of an n-channel MOSFET in enhancement mode and describe different regions of operation. CO1 (6)

Module -2

- 11 a) With a neat circuit diagram, explain the working principle of a Hartley Oscillator and how does it achieve sustained oscillations? CO2 (6)
- 12 a) Derive the expression for the frequency of oscillation of an astable multi-vibrator using 555 Timer IC. CO2 (6)

Module -3

- 13 a) Explain the working of an instrumentation amplifier with circuit diagram and derive its output voltage equation. CO3 (6)
- 14 a) Derive the equation for voltage gain for the first order low pass filter. Using the gain magnitude equation illustrate the variation of gain with respect to frequency. CO3 (6)

Module -4

- 15 a) With suitable example and diagram, explain the working of flash type ADC. CO4 (6)
- 16 a) Draw the circuit diagram and explain the working of triangular wave generator. CO4 (6)
