



Reg No.: _____

Name: _____

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
B.Tech Degree S3 (S) Examinations (FT/WP) May 2026 (2024 Scheme)

Course Code: PBCET304

Course Name: SURVEYING & GEOMATICS

Max. Marks: 40

Duration: 2 hours 30 minutes

PART A

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks)

		CO	Marks
1	Describe the common errors encountered in levelling operations.	1	(2)
2	Explain profile levelling and cross sectioning with the help of sketches.	1	(2)
3	What are the different triangulation systems or figures opted in surveying?	2	(2)
4	Explain with sketch any two characteristics of contours.	2	(2)
5	A distance was measured five times, and the values obtained were 45.21 m, 45.25 m, 45.18 m, 45.22 m, and 45.24 m. Calculate the Most Probable Value of the distance.	3	(2)
6	What is GNSS?	4	(2)
7	Discuss electromagnetic energy and electromagnetic spectrum	4	(2)
8	Define spatial resolution	4	(2)

PART B

(Answer any one full question from each module, each question carries 6 marks)

Module -1

9	The following bearings are observed for a closed-traverse.	1	(6)
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Line	FB	BB
<i>AB</i>	75°5'	254°20'
<i>BC</i>	115°20'	296°35'
<i>CD</i>	165°35'	345°35'
<i>DE</i>	224°50'	44°5'
<i>EA</i>	304°50'	125°5'

At which stations do you suspect local attraction?

Determine the correct magnetic bearing.

- 10 The following consecutive readings were taken with a dumpy level and 3 m levelling staff. The Reduced Level (R.L.) of the first point is 100.000 m. Staff Readings (in meters): 1.850, 0.520, 2.305, 1.555, 0.255, 3.115, 1.670, 2.425 1 (6)

Tasks:

Prepare a level field book.

Calculate the Reduced Levels (R.L.) of all points by the Height of Instrument method.

Apply the usual arithmetic check.

Module -2

- 11 The following perpendicular offsets (in meters) were taken from a base line to a curved boundary at intervals of 10 meters: 2 (6)

0, 4.80, 6.50, 5.20, 7.90, 4.60, 0

Compute the area between the baseline and the curved boundary by:

i) Trapezoidal Rule

ii) Simpson's Rule

- 12 a) Explain step by step how a mass haul diagram is constructed for a road project. 2 (3)
- b) What is a satellite station? Explain reduction to centre. 2 (3)

Module -3

- 13 The following are observation equations with different weights. Construct the normal equations and compute the most probable values of x , y , and z . 3 (6)
- (1) $x + 2y - 4 = 0$, weight = 4
(2) $2x - y + z - 3 = 0$, weight = 3
(3) $3x + y - 2z - 8 = 0$, weight = 2

- 14 Explain static methods of GPS survey. 4 (6)

Module -4

- 15 Apply your understanding of multispectral scanning to explain along-track and across-track scanners using neat sketches. 4 (6)
- 16 Analyse the raster and vector data representation in GIS. 4 (6)
