



Reg No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
B.Tech Degree S1(S) Examinations May 2026 (2024 Scheme)

**Course Code: GXCYT122**

**Course Name: CHEMISTRY FOR INFORMATION SCIENCE / ELECTRICAL SCIENCE**

Max. Marks: 60

Duration: 2 hours 30 minutes

**PART A**

*(Answer all questions. Each question carries 3 marks.)*

CO Marks

- |   |   |     |     |
|---|---|-----|-----|
| 1 | Calculate the EMF of the following Zn-Ag cell at 298K if the concentration of ZnSO <sub>4</sub> and AgNO <sub>3</sub> are 0.19M and 0.02M, respectively. Write the electrode reactions also.<br>$E^0_{Zn^{2+}/Zn} = -0.76V$ and $E^0_{Ag^+/Ag} = +0.8V$ . | (1) | (3) |
| 2 | What is cathodic protection? Describe the principle of sacrificial anodic protection.   | (1) | (3) |
| 3 | Give any three significant applications of dye-sensitised solar cells.  | (2) | (3) |
| 4 | Explain any one synthesis method of polyaniline, along with its chemical equation. Give two applications of polyaniline.  | (2) | (3) |
| 5 | Which of the following molecules can give IR absorption? Write the reason for their IR activity. a) O <sub>2</sub> b) N <sub>2</sub> c) H <sub>2</sub> O d) HCN e) HCl  | (3) | (3) |
| 6 | Absorbance of a solution in a 1cm cuvette is measured as A <sub>1</sub> . How does the absorbance change for the same solution when a 2 cm cuvette is used instead of a 1 cm cuvette? Explain mathematically using Beer-Lambert's law.                    | (3) | (3) |
| 7 | Define breakpoint chlorination and illustrate it with a neat graph.   | (4) | (3) |
| 8 | Mention any three goals related to sustainable development.   | (4) | (3) |

**PART B**

*(Answer any one full question from each module, each question carries 9 marks)*

**Module -1**

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|---|--|-----|-----|
| 9 | a) Describe the calomel electrode with a neat constructional sketch. Also write the electrode reaction when it acts as an anode and cathode. | (1) | (5) |
|   | b) What is corrosion? Explain the mechanism of electrochemical corrosion of iron in acidic medium.   | (1) | (4) |

- 10 a) State the principle of electroless plating. Explain the procedure and overall reaction for electroless copper plating. (1) (5)
- b) Write the anodic and cathodic reactions for a lithium-ion cell in both charging and discharging modes. (1) (4)

#### Module -2

- 11 a) Explain the classification of nanomaterials based on their dimensional characteristics and material composition, citing an example for each. (2) (6)
- b) List any three properties of graphene. (2) (3)
- 12 a) Explain the construction and working of OLED with the help of neat labelled sketch. Give any two applications of OLED. (2) (6)
- b) What are fire-retardant polymers? Give one example each of halogenated and non-halogenated fire-retardant polymers. (2) (3)

#### Module -3

- 13 a) Explain with examples, the possible electronic transitions that occur in molecules during UV-visible absorption. (3) (6)
- b) How does IR spectroscopy help in identifying functional groups and bond strengths? (3) (3)
- 14 a) What is the principle of Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM)? Draw and explain the diagram of the SEM instrument. (3) (6)
- b) List any three applications of Dielectric Thermal Analysis. (3) (3)

#### Module -4

- 15 a) What is reverse osmosis? Explain the desalination of brackish water using reverse osmosis. Give any two advantages of it. (4) (6)
- b) A sample of water contains  $\text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 40.5$  ppm;  $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 36.5$  ppm;  $\text{MgSO}_4 = 30$  ppm;  $\text{CaSO}_4 = 34$  ppm;  $\text{CaCl}_2 = 27.75$  ppm and  $\text{NaCl} = 10$  ppm. Calculate the temporary and permanent hardness of the water sample. (4) (3)
- 16 a) Explain the trickling filter and UASB processes in wastewater treatment. (4) (6)
- b) Discuss the chemistry behind ozone depletion by chlorofluorocarbons. (4) (3)

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