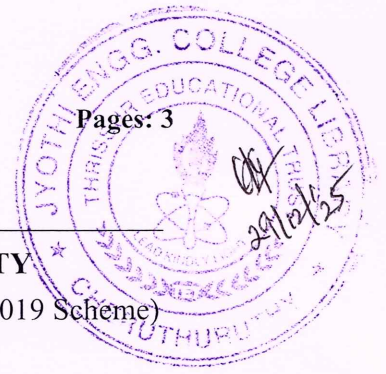


Reg No.: _____

Name: _____

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B.Tech Degree S6 (S,FE) (FT/WP/PT) Examination December 2025 (2019 Scheme)



Course Code: MET306

Course Name: ADVANCED MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A*Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks.*

Marks

- 1 What all changes happen when a loose metal powder sample is subjected to compacting pressure? (3)
- 2 What are the force components considered in Merchant's analysis? Brief the assumptions made in the analysis. (3)
- 3 What is a programmable logic controller? What are the components of PLC? (3)
- 4 Differentiate between straight cut and contouring positioning in CNC system. (3)
- 5 Explain the preferred properties of dielectric fluid in electric discharge machining process. (3)
- 6 What is nozzle tip distance in abrasive jet machining? How does it impact the machining process? (3)
- 7 List any six characteristic features of high velocity forming process as compared to the conventional forming. (3)
- 8 Write a note on the types of elastic body waves. (3)
- 9 Explain the material removal mechanism of an abrasive flow machining process. (3)
- 10 What are the characteristic features of an additive manufacturing process? (3)

PART B*Answer any one full question from each module, each carries 14 marks.***Module I**

- 11 a) Explain the mechanism of sintering process and the various stages involved in it. (8)
- b) How are particle size, shape and flow characteristics of a metal powder sample quantified? (6)

OR

- 12 a) Determine the shear plane angle, cutting force component and resultant force when a material of shear yield stress 250 N/mm^2 is subjected to orthogonal (10)

cutting operation. The machining parameters are: tool rake angle 15° , uncut thickness 0.25mm, width of cut 2mm, chip thickness ratio 0.46, angle of friction 40° .

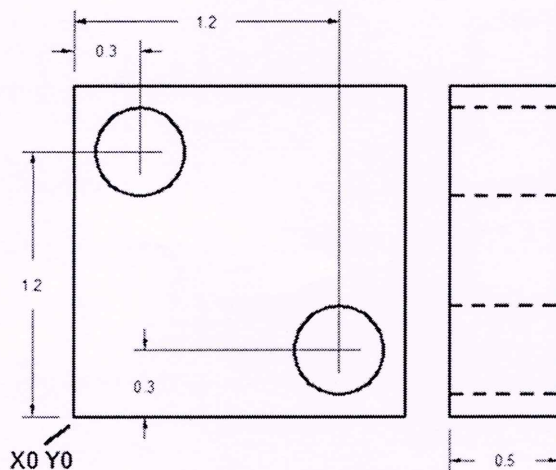
- b) In a machining operation, doubling the cutting speed reduces tool life to $1/8^{\text{th}}$ of the original value. What is the value of the exponent in Taylor's tool life equation? (4)

Module II

- 13 a) Explain the four basic types of statements used in APT language with suitable examples. (8)
- b) Explain the use of ladder diagram in PLC programming? Name the basic parts of a ladder diagram with neat sketch. (6)

OR

- 14 a) Differentiate between G codes and M codes used in CNC programming. Give examples for any three G codes and any three M codes and give the interpretation. (8)
- b) Write a simple part program for the drilling cycle shown in the figure. Provide the description of each block. The machining parameters may be suitably assumed. (6)



Module III

- 15 a) Differentiate between a conventional machining process and non-conventional machining process. Comment on application of each type. (6)
- b) With the help of neat sketch, explain the set up used in an ultrasonic machining process. Explain the parameters impacting the material removal rate. (8)

OR

- 16 a) Classify non-traditional machining methods based on energy sources. Discuss (7)
any 4 types.
- b) Explain the principle and components used in an abrasive water jet machining (7)
process with neat diagram.

Module IV

- 17 a) How does strain rate influence a metal forming process? (6)
- b) Explain the principle and components in a standoff explosive forming process. (8)

OR

- 18 With the help of neat sketches, explain the working principles of electro (14)
hydraulic forming and electromagnetic forming and hence compare them.

Module V

- 19 a) Why is a magnetorheological fluid regarded to be a smart fluid? How is it made (14)
use of in a magnetorheological finishing process?

OR

- 20 a) What is the composition of a liquid photopolymer? Explain an additive (14)
manufacturing process that makes use of a liquid photopolymer.
