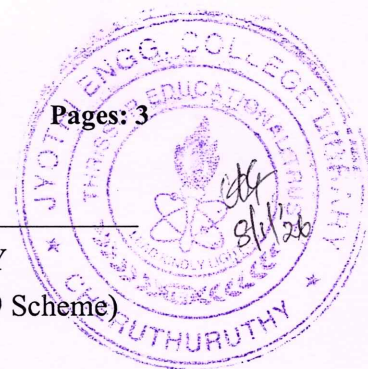


Reg No.: _____

Name: _____

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B.Tech S1 (S,FE) S2 (S,FE) Degree Examination December 2025 (2019 Scheme)



Course Code: CYT100

Course Name: ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks

Marks

- 1 List any three applications of electrochemical series with suitable examples. (3)
- 2 If the standard reduction potentials of Fe and Ag are -0.42V and 0.80V (3)
respectively, calculate the EMF for $\text{Fe(s)}|\text{Fe}^{2+}(0.1\text{M})(\text{aq})||\text{Ag}^{+}(0.1\text{M})(\text{aq})|\text{Ag(s)}$ at 298K.
- 3 The 0.001M solution of a compound shows a transmittance 20% when taken in a (3)
2cm cuvette. Calculate the molar absorbance coefficient of the compound.
- 4 Tetramethyl Silane is used as the reference compound in NMR spectroscopy. (3)
Give reasons.
- 5 Explain how R_f value is determined in TLC. (3)
- 6 Write a note on the preparation of nanomaterials by hydrothermal method. (3)
- 7 Give structures of the optical isomers of tartaric acid shown below. Identify (3)
enantiomers and diastereomers among those isomers.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{COOH} \\ | \\ \text{H} - \text{C} - \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{H} - \text{C} - \text{OH} \\ | \\ \text{COOH} \end{array}$$
- 8 How is ABS prepared? List its properties. (3)
- 9 Calculate the temporary and permanent hardness of a water sample containing (3)
the following salts in the given amounts.
 $\text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 = 32.4\text{mg/L}$, $\text{CaSO}_4 = 13.6\text{mg/L}$, $\text{CaCl}_2 = 33.3\text{mg/L}$.
- 10 Explain how reverse osmosis is used for desalination of sea water. (3)

PART B

Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks.

MODULE 1

- 11 a) Write a note on types of secondary reference electrodes and their working. Also, (10)
mention the applications of each type.
- b) Explain the variation of EMF of a cell with temperature. (4)
- 12 a) Discuss the construction and working of Lithium ion cell. What are the (10)
advantages of Lithium ion cells over other types of cells.
- b) Write a note on electroless plating. (4)

MODULE 2

- 13 a) What are stretching and bending vibrations in IR spectroscopy? Illustrate with a (10)
neat sketch using CO₂ and H₂O molecules as examples.
- b) Explain the possible electronic transitions in the UV-Visible spectra of 1,3- (4)
butadiene and 1,3,5-Hexatriene with the help of MO diagram.
- 14 a) Explain the factors affecting chemical shift and predict the NMR spectrum of (8)
CH₃-CO-CH₃.
- b) Briefly explain the principle and applications of MRI. (6)

MODULE 3

- 15 a) Explain the principle of DTA using Calcium oxalate monohydrate as an (10)
example. Also give instrumentation and applications of DTA.
- b) Discuss the characteristics of HPLC that makes it superior over conventional (4)
Column Chromatography.
- 16 a) Give the instrumentation and working of SEM. (8)
- b) List the applications of nanomaterials. (6)

MODULE 4

- 17 a) Write a note on the working and advantages of OLED. (8)
- b) Describe the conformational analysis of n-Butane and cyclohexane. (6)
- 18 a) Write a note on the synthesis, properties and applications of Polyaniline and (10)
Polypyrrole.
- b) Draw the Fischer projection of R and S configuration of 2-hydroxy propanoic (4)

acid $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}(\text{OH})\text{COOH}$.

MODULE 5

- 19 a) Write a note on Ion Exchange process used for water softening. (8)
b) Distinguish between BOD and COD. (6)
- 20 a) Discuss the primary, secondary and tertiary processes involved in sewage treatment with the help of flow diagram. (10)
b) Define DO. Give a brief procedure for its estimation. (4)
