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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B.Tech Degree S3 (S,FE) (FT/WP) (S5 PT) Examination May 2025 (2019 Scheme) HUR

Course Code: MET205

Course Name: METALLURGY & MATERIAL SCIENCE

Max. Marks: 100 **Duration: 3 Hours** PART A Answer all questions. Each question carries 3 marks Marks 1 Which one in stronger- primary bond or secondary bond? Explain. (3)2 For a specimen, the yield stress is measured to be 300MPa when the grain (3)size is 10^3 nm and 200MPa when the grain size is 10^5 nm. Find the yield stress if the grain size is 10⁷ nm. 3 What is Frank Read source? (3)4 Define the terms diffusion flux and coefficient of diffusion. (3)5 What is an invariant reaction? Give examples. (3)What is the purpose of performing Jominy's end quench test? 6 (3)7 Differentiate between hot working and cold working. (3)8 What is an austenite stabilizing element? Why is it called so? (3)9 What is ductile to brittle transition temperature? (3) 10 Explain the composition and properties of super alloys. (3)PART B Answer any one full question from each module. Each question carries 14 marks Module 1 11(a)Explain the properties of ionic, covalent and metallic bonding. How does (8) the type of bonding influence the properties? 11(b) Differentiate between slip and twinning. (6) OR How are crystallographic planes and directions specified? Sketch (110) 12 (a) (8) plane and (020) plane in a cubic unit cell.

(12(b) A face-centered unit cell has a density of 6.23 g cm⁻³. Given the atomic (6) mass of a single atom is 60g. Evaluate the edge length of the unit cell and the atomic radius.

Module 2

13 With the help of neat sketches explain point, line and surface defects seen (14)

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in crystals.

OR

14 (a)	What	is	the	significance	of	Burger's	vector	in	studying	crystal	(8)
	imperfections?										

14 (b) Explain the principle of X-ray diffraction method.

Module 3

15 Sketch and label the iron-carbon equilibrium diagram. Hence explain the (14) microstructure changes when (i) carbon content is increased for a specimen held at a temperature less than lower critical temperature (ii) a hypoeutectoid steel specimen is heated from room temperature to molten state.

OR

16 With the help of a suitable diagram, explain the influence of cooling rate on (14) the final microstructure as a eutectoid steel specimen is cooled from austenite phase. Also write notes on the properties of final microstructure obtained for different cooling rates.

Module 4

- 17 (a) What do you mean by strengthening of a metal? What are the different (10) mechanisms by which a metal can be strengthened?
- 17 (b) What is recrystallization temperature?

OR

(6)

(4)

18 What is cast iron? What are the different types of cast iron? How do the (14) properties vary for different types of cast iron?

Module 5

19 What is fatigue? What is the nature of loading that leads to fatigue failure? (14) Explain the mechanism of fatigue failure.

OR

20 What is creep? What are the stages of creep? How can we increase the (14) resistance of a material against creep?
