Reg No.:_____

Name:

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSIT

B. Tech S8 (R,S) / S6 (PT) (R, S) Exam April 2025 (2019 Scheme)

SOUTHURUTHY

Pages 50

Course Code: CET402

Course Name: QUANTITY SURVEYING AND VALUATION

Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer two full questions, each carries 10 marks.

Marks

- 1 a Which are the factors to be considered for the preparation of a Detailed (5) Estimate?
 - b Explain the following terms

(5)

- i) Contingencies ii) Work Charged establishment
 - iii)Tools and plants iv) Provisional Sum v) Overhead Cost
- 2 a Explain the term specification and types of Specification.

(6)

b Explain the Specification of Cement Concrete work.

(4)

Workout the unit rate of Ist class Brickwork in Superstructure with 20 x 10 (10) x 10 cm Brick with 1:6 Cement Sand Mortar for 10 cu.m (Also add water charges and contractor's profit).

Sl.no	Particulars	Quantity	Rate		
1	Materials-				
	Brick I - class (500 bricks per cu m)	5000 nos	4500 per nos		
	Cement (13.5 bags)	0.45 cu m	7650 per cu m		
	Sand (local)	2.7 cu m	700 per cu m		
2	Labour				
	Mistri(Head mason)	1/2 no.	350 per day		
	Mason	10 nos	300 per day		
	Mazdoor	7 nos	220 per day		
	Boy or woman coolie	10 nos	200 per day		
	Bhisthi	2 nos	200 per day		

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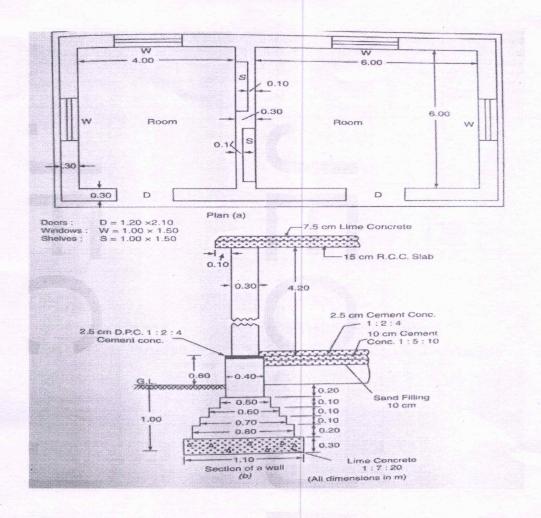
Scaffolding	Lump sum	280 L S
Sundries, T And P,	Lump sum	90 L S
etc		

PART B

Answer any two full questions each carries 25 marks.

- Prepare a detailed estimate of a building from the given plan and sections as (25) shown in the figure.
 - (a) Earthwork in excavation for foundation.
 - (b) Lime concrete in foundation 1:7:20.
 - (c)1st class brickwork in 1:6 cement sand mortar in foundation and upto plinth.
 - (d)Damp proof course of 2.5 cm thick of cement concrete 1:2:4.
 - (e)1st class brick work in lime mortar in superstructure
 - (f)12.5mm thick cement plaster with cement mortar (1:4) inside.
 - (Assume any missing data State the assumption clearly)

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Estimate the quantity of earthwork for a portion of a district road for 400 metre (25) length with the following data.

Formation width of the road = 10 metres

Side slopes in banking = 2:1

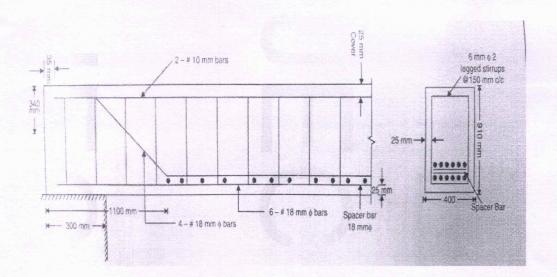
Side slopes in cutting = $1\frac{1}{2}$: 1

Downward gradient = 1 in 200

Formation level at RL = 150

Distance	in m	0	40	80	120	160	200	240	280	320	360	400
R.L of ground		149.00	148.90	148.50	148.80	148.60	148.70	149.20	140.40	149.30	149.00	148.60

a) Calculate the quantity of steel required for a R.C.C beam having clear span 5m (25) and sectional dimensions as 0.91 x 0.40 m from the given drawing and data; preparing a schedule of bars in a tabular form. The drawing is shown in the figure.



PART C

Answer any two full questions from each carries 15 marks.

- 7 a) Explain the different methods of depreciation. (6)
 - b) Differentiate freehold Property and Leasehold Property. (5)
 - c) Discuss any 2 methods of Valuation.
- 8 a) An R.C.C framed structure building having estimated future life 80 years fetches (9)

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a gross annual rent of 2200/- per month. Work out its capitalized value on the basis of 6% net yield. The rate of compound interest for sinking fund may be taken 4%. The land plot of above building measure 1400 sq.m and cost of land may be taken to be 120/- per sq.m.

The other outgoings are:

- (i) Repair and maintenance 1/12 th of gross income.
- (ii) Municipal axis and property tax 25% of gross income.
- (iii) Management and miscellaneous charges- 7% of gross income.

 The plinth area of a building is 800 sq.m and plinth area rate of the above type of building may be taken as Rs.150/ per sq.m
- b) Explain the following termsi) Obsolescence ii) Capitalised Value iii) Salvage Value.
- a) List the factors affecting Valuation
 b) Explain the significance of sinking fund. How it is calculated?
 c) The total cost of machinery including the installation charges in a factory is
 120,000/- .Calculate the depreciated cost of the above after 15 years .The salvage value is Rs.8,000/- .The span of life is 40 years.
