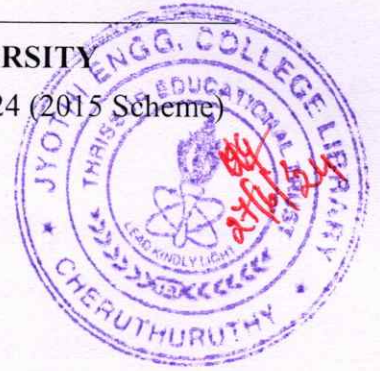


Reg No.: _____ **06000EE311122005** _____**APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

B.Tech Degree S5 (S, FE) / S5 (PT) (S,FE) Examination June 2024 (2015 Scheme)

**Course Code: EE311****Course Name: ELECTRICAL DRIVES & CONTROL FOR AUTOMATION**

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A*Answer any three full questions, each carries 10 marks.*

Marks

- | | | |
|---|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 1 | a) What are the applications of dc generator? | (2) |
| | b) Give the classification of dc generators based on their field winding excitation with diagrams | (4) |
| | c) Derive an expression for the e.m.f. generated in a dc generator. | (4) |
| 2 | a) Draw the different characteristics of a dc shunt generator and name them. | (3) |
| | b) What are the effects of armature reaction in dc generator? | (3) |
| | c) A 6 pole dc shunt generator with 780 wave connected armature conductors and running at 500rpm supplies a load of 12.5 ohms resistance at a terminal voltage of 250 V..The armature resistance is 0.25 ohms and field resistance is 250 ohms. Find the following i) Armature current ii) induced EMF iii) Flux per pole. | (4) |
| 3 | a) With the help of a neat sketch explain the load test of a dc shunt motor. | (3) |
| | b) With the help of block diagram explain the power stages of dc motor | (2) |
| | c) A 220 V dc shunt motor carries an armature current of 40 A and runs at a speed of 500 rpm. The armature resistance is 0.25 Ω . If the flux is reduced by 5% and the torque remains the same, find the new speed of the motor. | (5) |
| 4 | a) With the help of a neat diagram, explain the electrical and mechanical characteristics of dc shunt motor. | (5) |
| | b) Explain the different losses in a d.c. machine and derive the condition for maximum efficiency. | (5) |

PART B

Answer any three full questions, each carries 10 marks.

- 5 a) Derive the EMF equation of a transformer (4)
b) Explain the vector diagram of transformer under no load (6)
- 6 a) Write short notes on current transformer and potential transformer. (5)
b) The maximum flux density in the core of a 240/3000V, 50 Hz single phase transformer is 1.3 Wb/m^2 . If the EMF per turn is 8 Volt. Determine i) primary and secondary turns ii) area of the core (5)
- 7 a) Explain the torque slip characteristics of a three-phase induction motor with neat diagram. (4)
b) Explain how rotating magnetic field is produced in a three-phase induction motor with the help of a neat diagram. (6)
- 8 a) Explain the working principle of three phase induction motor with neat diagrams (6)
b) Explain with the help of neat diagram the working of any two methods of starting a 3-phase induction motor (4)

PART C

Answer any four full questions, each carries 10 marks.

- 9 a) What are the methods of starting a single-phase induction motor? (6)
b) Draw and explain V curves of a synchronous motor. (4)
- 10 a) How voltage regulation of an alternator is determined by EMF method. Explain (6)
b) Explain the working of a universal motor with the help of its diagram. (4)
- 11 a) Considering pitch and distribution factors, derive emf equation of an alternator. (6)
b) Explain the principle of synchronous condenser and give its applications. (4)
- 12 a) Explain the working of variable reluctance stepper motor with neat diagram. (6)
b) Draw and explain the torque speed characteristics of a stepper motor. (4)
- 13 a) Explain the working of Hybrid stepper motor with the help of a neat diagram. (5)
b) Explain programmable logic controllers with neat diagram (5)
- 14 a) Explain the working of a digital controller. (4)
b) Write short notes on axis controller and machine tool controller. (6)
