

Reg No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B.Tech Degree S3 (S,FE) / S1 (PT) (S,FE) Examination June 2024 (2015 Scheme)



Course Code: MA201

Course Name: LINEAR ALGEBRA AND COMPLEX ANALYSIS

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

## PART A

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks

Marks

- 1 a) Show that  $u = \sin x \cosh y$  is harmonic and hence find its harmonic conjugate. (8)
- b) Test the analyticity of  $f(z) = z^3$ . Find  $f^1(z)$ . (7)
- 2 a) Find the images of  $-\frac{\pi}{2} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$ ,  $1 < y < 2$  under the mapping  $w = \sin z$ . (8)
- b) Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points  $z = \infty, i, 0$  into the points  $w = 0, i, \infty$  respectively. (7)
- 3 a) Show that the derivative of  $f(z) = \bar{z}$  does not exist anywhere. (7)
- b) Describe the transformation  $w = e^z$ . (8)

## PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks

- 4 a) Evaluate  $\int_C z^2 dz$  where C is the straight line joining the origin (0,0) and the point (2,1) on the complex plane. (7)
- b) Find all Laurent's series expansion of  $f(z) = \frac{z}{(z-1)(z-3)}$  about  $z=1$  valid for (i)  $0 < |z-1| < 2$  (ii)  $|z-1| > 2$  (8)
- 5 a) Evaluate  $\oint_C \frac{dz}{z^2+4}$  where C is the ellipse  $4x^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4$  using residue theorem. (7)
- b) Evaluate  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{1+x^4}$ . (8)
- 6 a) Evaluate  $\oint_C \frac{3z^2+z-1}{(z-1)^2(z-3)} dz$  where C is (i) the circle  $|z| = 2$ , (ii) the circle  $|z| = \frac{1}{2}$  by Cauchy's integral formula. (7)
- b) Show that  $\int_0^\pi \frac{d\theta}{(2+\cos\theta)^2} = \frac{2\pi}{3\sqrt{3}}$ . (8)

## PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks

- 7 a) Solve using Gauss elimination method (6)  
 $2x + 3y + 4z = 11$ ;  $x + 5y + 7z = 15$ ;  $3x + 11y + 13z = 25$
- b) Check whether the following vectors are linearly independent or not. (4)  
 $(1, 2, 3), (3, -2, 1)$  and  $(1, -6, -5)$

- c) Reduce the following quadratic form into its canonical form. (10)

$$Q(x_1, x_2, x_3) = 2x_1x_2 + 2x_1x_3 - 2x_2x_3$$

- 8 a) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ . Is this matrix (10)

orthogonal?

- b) Find a basis for the null space of  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 8 \\ 2 & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$  (5)

- c) Find the rank of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 5 & 6 \\ 2 & 9 & 12 \\ 1 & 17 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$  (5)

- 9 a) Determine the values of  $\lambda, k$  for which the following system of equations (10)

$$x + y + z = 6; x + 2y + 3z = 10; x + 2y + kz = \mu$$

possesses (i) no solution (ii) unique solution (iii) infinite solution

- b) Diagonalise the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  (10)

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