

Course Code: ECT 301

Course Name: LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

Max. Marks: 100

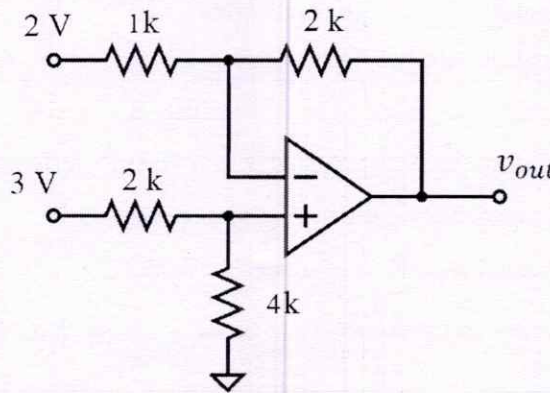
Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

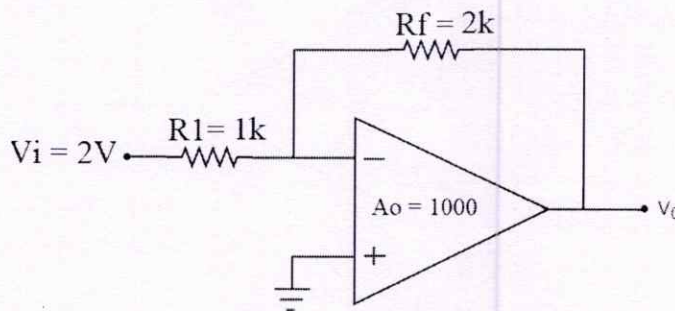
(Answer all questions; each question carries 3 marks)

Marks

- 1 Draw the equivalent circuit of an op-amp and list the component values of the modelled circuit to work as an ideal op-amp. 3
- 2 Find the maximum possible frequency, without distortions, for a sine wave of voltage 12V peak to peak with an op-amp whose slew rate is 10V/μs. 3
- 3 Calculate V_{out} for the circuit shown below. 3



- 4 Find V_o , if open loop gain of the below op-amp is 1000. 3



- 5 How Barkhausen criteria is achieved in RC phase shift oscillator? 3
- 6 List the advantages of an Op-amp based active filter over conventional passive filters. 3

- 7 What does NE and 555 in NE555 timer IC stands for? 3
- 8 Design a monostable multivibrator using 555 to get a pulse width of 10ms. 3
- 9 Explain Line regulation and Load regulation. 3
- 10 Find the resolution of a 10 bit ADC with 5V full scale reading. 3

PART B

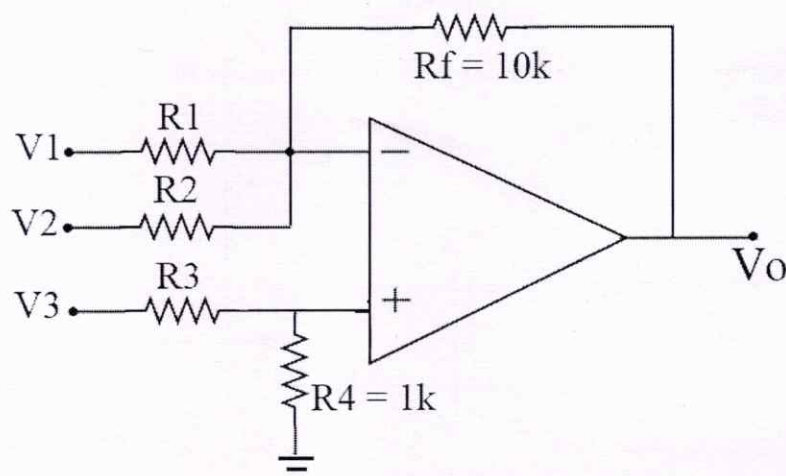
(Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks)

Module -1

- 11 a) Explain the principle of operation of Widlor current mirror and its advantages? 8
Deduce the expression for its current gain.
- b) Draw and explain the voltage transfer curve and frequency response curve of an op-amp. 6
- 12 a) Derive CMRR, input resistance and output resistance of a dual input balanced output differential amplifier configuration. 8
- b) Explain the following properties of a practical opamp 6
(i) Bandwidth (ii) Slew rate
(iii) Input offset voltage (iv) CMRR

Module -2

- 13 a) Derive the following characteristics of a voltage series amplifier: 8
i) Closed loop voltage gain ii) Input resistance
iii) Output resistance iv) Bandwidth
- b) Find the values of resistors R1, R2 and R3 so that $V_o = -10 V_1 - 5 V_2 + 4 V_3$ 6



- 14 a) With necessary equations and waveforms explain the working of a schmitt trigger circuit with different values for upper and lower threshold. Also design such a Schmitt trigger circuit with $V_{UT} = 9V$ and $V_{LT} = -7V$. Assume saturation voltage levels as 12V and -12V. 8

- b) Draw and explain precision full wave rectifier circuit. Include equivalent circuits for positive and negative half cycles. 6

Module -3

- 15 a) Draw and explain the working of an op-amp based RC phase shift oscillator. Also derive the equation for frequency of oscillation. 8
- b) Draw the circuit of a state variable filter and derive the transfer function of high pass filter response in it. 6
- 16 a) Draw and explain the working of an op-amp based triangular wave generator. Also derive the equation for frequency of oscillation. 8
- b) Design a 50Hz twin- T notch filter with a Q factor of 15. 6

Module -4

- 17 a) Using internal diagram of NE555 IC, explain the working of symmetric astable multivibrator circuit. 7
- b) Using internal block diagram of NE 566 explain the working of VCO. 7
- 18 a) Using internal diagram of NE555 IC explain the working of monostable multivibrator circuit. Write the necessary condition for the trigger voltage level? 7
- b) Explain the working of Phase Locked Loop and its application as a frequency multiplier circuit. 7

Module -5

- 19 a) Explain how external current fold back protection is achieved while designing voltage regulator using IC 723. 7
- b) Find the output voltage for the following DACs having an output voltage range of 0 to 10V. 7
- i) 0110 for a 4 bit DAC
- ii) 10111100 for an 8 bit DAC
- iii) 1010100011 for a 10 bit DAC
- 20 a) Design a voltage regulator using IC 723 for an output voltage of 5V and current of 2A. Assume $V_{ref} = 7V$. Also explain how line regulation is achieved in it. 7
- b) With a neat diagram explain the working of successive approximation type ADC 7
