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Reg No.: \_\_\_\_\_

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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B.Tech Degree S5 (S, FE) / S3 (PT) (S,FE) Examination June 2024 (2015 Scheme)



Course Code: EC303

Course Name: APPLIED ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

**PART A**

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

Marks

- 1 a State Coulombs law. (3)
- b Derive the expression for energy density in electrostatic field (9)
- c If the electric field intensity is given by  $E (x\mathbf{u}_x + y\mathbf{u}_y + z\mathbf{u}_z)$  volt/m. Calculate the potential difference between X (2, 0, 0) and Y (1, 2, 3). (3)
- 2 a Derive the boundary condition of electric field and magnetic field from Maxwell's equations. (7)
- b What is Poisson's and Laplace equations? (3)
- c Derive the expression for capacitance of a spherical capacitor. (5)
- 3 a Write Maxwell's equation in differential and integral form. (8)
- b Explain the propagation of waves in good conductors. (4)
- c A uniform plane wave in the free space is normally incident on an infinitely thick dielectric slab (dielectric constant  $\epsilon_r = 9$ ). Calculate the magnitude of reflection coefficient. (3)

**PART B**

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

- 4 a Derive Poynting vector theorem. (10)
- b Characteristic impedance of transmission line is  $50\Omega$ . Input impedance of the open circuited line is  $Z_{oc} = 100 + j150\Omega$ . When the transmission line is short-circuited, calculate the value of input impedance (5)
- 5 a Explain propagation of plane wave at oblique incidence for perpendicular polarisation. (8)

- b) Find the depth of penetration for copper when an electromagnetic wave is incident normally. Given that the frequency of wave is 30MHz,  $\mu_r = 1$  and conductivity =  $5.8 \times 10^7$  mho/m. (3)
- c Derive the expression for propagation constant of a medium. (4)
- 6 a Explain distortion less transmission line. (4)
- b Derive transmission line equations. (8)
- c A transmission line has a characteristic impedance of  $50\Omega$  and a resistance of  $0.1 / m. \Omega$ . If the line is distortion less, find the attenuation constant (in Np/m)? (3)

**PART C**

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.*

- 7 a Derive the expression for TM mode in rectangular wave guide. (10)
- b A rectangular waveguide of internal dimensions ( $a = 4\text{cm}$  and  $b = 3 \text{ cm}$ ) is to be operated in  $TE_{11}$  mode. Calculate the minimum operating frequency. (5)
- c What is Smith Chart? What are its applications? (5)
- 8 a Derive expression for TE mode in rectangular wave guide. (10)
- b A  $50\text{-}\Omega$  lossless transmission line is terminated in a load with impedance  $Z_L = (30 - j50) \Omega$ . The wavelength is 8 cm. Find:  
(a) the reflection coefficient at the load,  
(b) the standing-wave ratio on the line,  
(c) the position of the voltage maximum nearest the load,  
(d) the position of the current maximum nearest the load.
- c Explain the principle of quarter wave transformer (4)
- 9 a Derive the expression for r-circles and x-circles in Smith chart (10)
- b A lossless transmission line of electrical length  $l = 0.35\lambda$  is terminated in a load impedance  $Z_L = (60 + j30)\Omega$  and  $Z_0 = 100 \Omega$ . Find  $\Gamma$ , S, and  $Z_{in}$  (6)
- c Show that TEM mode is absent in waveguide. (4)

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