



Course Code: EC205

Course Name: ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS (EC,AE)

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

Marks

- 1 a) Draw the circuit and find the transfer function of an RC high pass network. (7)
Find the expression for cut off frequency and draw the frequency response.
- b) In figure 1, determine the value of R_C needed if $V_C = 2V$. Use $\beta = 50$ for the transistor. (6)

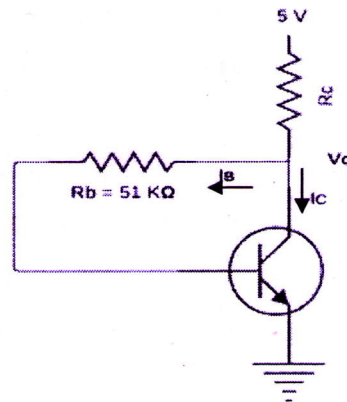


Figure 1

- c) Define stability factor. (2)
- 2 a) Determine the input resistance, output resistance and voltage gain of the transistor circuit shown in figure 2. (7)

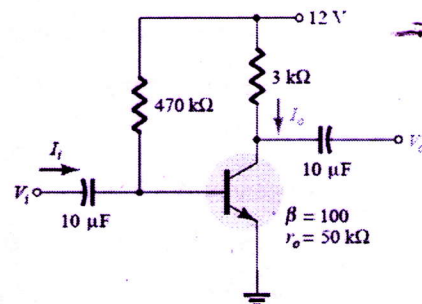


Figure 2

- b) Draw the circuit diagram of a cascade amplifier using common emitter configuration. Determine the equivalent circuit and find the expression for input resistance, voltage gain and output resistance. (8)
- 3 a) Derive the condition for an RC circuit to function as a (8)
- i) Differentiator
- ii) Integrator
- b) Using small signal hybrid π model, find the input impedance, output impedance and voltage gain of a common base amplifier circuit. (7)

PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

- 4 a) Using high frequency equivalent circuit, find the expression for beta cut off frequency of a BJT. Sketch the frequency response of short circuit current gain. (8)
- b) Explain any two broad banding techniques used in an amplifier. (7)
- 5 a) Explain shunt-series feedback topology. Determine its impedance at input and output side. (8)
- b) Draw the circuit diagram of a crystal oscillator. Explain its working. (7)
- 6 a) Calculate the beta cut off frequency f_{β} and the capacitance C_{π} of a transistor with the following parameter. (5)
- $f_T = 400 \text{ MHz}$, $I_c = 1 \text{ mA}$, $\beta = 100$, $C_{\mu} = 0.2 \text{ pf}$.
- b) Draw the circuit diagram of RC phase shift oscillator and explain its working. Derive the expression for the frequency of oscillation. (10)

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

- 7 a) What is cross over distortion. How can you eliminate it? (5)
- b) Draw the circuit diagram of a monostable multivibrator. Explain its working using suitable waveforms. Derive the expression for the period of the output pulse. (10)
- c) Explain the working of a simple sweep generator circuit. (5)
- 8 a) Using necessary equations and diagrams, show that a transistor series voltage regulator output is stabilized over a specified range of input. (10)

- b) The following parameters are given for the MOSFET amplifier shown in figure 3. (10)

$$g_m = 1.63 \text{ mS}, r_d = 50 \text{ k}\Omega.$$

Find

- i) Voltage gain
- ii) Input impedance
- iii) Output impedance

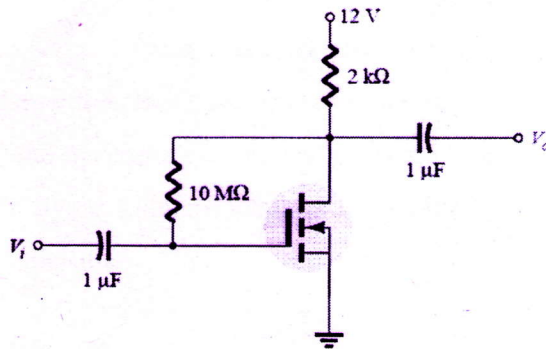


Figure 3

- 9
- a) Explain one method used to protect series voltage regulator from short circuit. (5)
 - b) Design an astable multivibrator to generate a square wave of frequency 1 KHz and duty cycle 50%. Assume a value for β of the transistor. (10)
 - c) What is the significance of hysteresis in Schmitt trigger? (5)
