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	APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY	
	Sixth Semester B.Tech Degree (S, FE) Examination May 2024 (2013 Scheme)	į
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	Course Code: MR304	

Course Name: DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING AND MACHINE VISION				
Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hours				
	PART A			
	Answer all questions, each carries 5 marks.	Marks		
1	Define the term reflectance.	5		
2	What is contrast stretching?	5		
3	Explain the affine transformation.	5		
4	Define the term histogram equalization with suitable example.	5		
5	If one looks across a large bay in the daytime, it is often hard to distinguish the	e 5		
	mountains on the opposite side; near sunset, they are clearly visible. This	s .		
	phenomenon has to do with scattering of light by air—a large volume of air is	a		
	source. Explain what is happening. We have modelled air as a vacuum and	d		
	asserted that no energy is lost along a straight line in a vacuum. Use you	r		
	explanation to give an estimate of the kind of scales over which that			
_	model is acceptable.			
6	Differentiate between opening and closing operation on gray scale image.	5		
7	A CCD camera chip of dimensions 7*7 mm, and having 1024*1024 elements, i	s 5		
	focused on a square, flat area, located 0.5 m away. How many line pairs per mn	1		
٧	will this camera be able to resolve? The camera is equipped with a 35-mm lens			
8	Define wiener filter. List the applications, advantages and drawbacks of wiene	r 5		
	filter.			
	PART B			
	Answer any three questions, each carries 10 marks.			
9	We have a square area source and a square occluder, both parallel to a plane. The	e		
	source is the same size as the occluder, and they are vertically above one another	r		
	with their centers aligned.			
a)	What is the shape of the umbra?	5		

5

b) What is the shape of the outside boundary of the penumbra?

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10 a)	Define Hough transform.	5
b)	Write a pseudocode for Hough transform.	5
11	Propose a set of gray-level-slicing transformations capable of producing all the	10
	individual bit planes of an 8-bit monochrome image. (For example, a	
	transformation function with the property T(r)=0 for r in the range [0, 127], and	
	T(r)=255 for r in the range [128, 255] produces an image of the 7th bit plane	
	in an 8-bit image.)	
12	Explain various types of elements in visual perception with a clean drawing.	10
13 a)	What effect would setting to zero the lower-order bit planes have on the histogram	5
	of an image in general?	
b)	What would be the effect on the histogram if we set to zero the higher order bit	5
	planes instead?	
	PART C	
	Answer any two questions, each carries 15 marks.	
14	Consider a file containing the following characters with the frequencies as	15
	< a, 10 $>$, $<$ e, 15 $>$, $<$ i, 12 $>$, $<$ o, 3 $>$, $<$ u, 4 $>$, $<$ s, 13 $>$, and $<$ t, 1 $>$.	
	If Huffman Coding is used for data compression, determine-	
	a) Huffman Code for each character	
	b) Average code length	
	c) Length of Huffman encoded message (in bits)	
15	Write a short description on sensing devices CCD, CED and CID.	15
16	Give the detailed description of	7
	a) Global thresholdingb) Adaptive thresholding	8
17	Explain in detail about continuous wavelet transform and it's application in image	15
	compression.	

Page 2 of 2