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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B.Tech Degree S6 (S, FE) / S4 (PT) (S) Examination January 2024 (2019 Scheme)



Course Code: ECT302

Course Name: ELECTROMAGNETICS

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A*Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks.*

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ks |
|----|---|-----------|
| 1 | Find the vector projection of $\vec{A} = 2\vec{a}_x + \vec{a}_y - 2\vec{a}_z$ on $\vec{B} = 5\vec{a}_x - 10\vec{a}_y + 3\vec{a}_z$. | (3) |
| 2 | A point charge of 6 nC is located at origin in free space. Find the potential difference between the points $P_1 (0.2, -0.4, 0.4)$ and $P_2 (1, 0, 0)$. | (3) |
| 3 | Calculate the capacitance of 1 km length of an air-filled co-axial cable with inner diameter 6 mm and outer diameter 14 mm. | (3) |
| 4 | State and prove Ampere's Circuital Law for a time varying electromagnetic field. | (3) |
| 5 | Find the skin depth of a Copper material with $\epsilon_r = 5$ and frequency of propagation is 2MHz in z-direction. | (3) |
| 6 | What is the expression for propagation constant for general unbounded medium? What will be the values of the ratio $\left(\frac{\sigma}{\omega\epsilon}\right)$ for good-dielectric and good-conducting medium? | (3) |
| 7 | Find the reflection coefficient and VSWR of a transmission line of characteristic impedance 50Ω and load impedance $j50\Omega$. | (3) |
| 8 | Define a distortion less transmission line. What is the condition for distortion less line? | (3) |
| 9 | Explain why TEM wave cannot propagate in a single conductor hollow waveguide. | (3) |
| 10 | A rectangular waveguide with dimensions 5×3 cm operates at 10GHz. Find f_c , λ_c and λ_g for the dominant mode. | (3) |

PART B*Answer one full question from each module, each carries 14 marks.***Module I**

- 11 a) Determine the flux of $\vec{D} = \rho^2 \cos^2 \phi \vec{a}_\rho + z \sin \phi \vec{a}_\phi$ c/m² over the closed surface of the cylinder, $0 \leq z \leq 1$, and $r = 4$. Verify divergence theorem. (8)
- b) Show that the electric field intensity \vec{E} is the gradient of potential V. (6)

OR

- 12 a) State Gauss law in electrostatics. Apply Gauss law to find E-field of an infinite sheet of charge of uniform charge ρ_s C/m². (8)
- b) The region $y < 0$ consists of a perfect conductor while region $y > 0$ is a dielectric medium with $\epsilon_r = 2$. If there is a surface charge of 2nC/m^2 on the conductor interface. Determine \vec{E} and \vec{D} at A (3,-2, 2) and B (-4, 1, 5). (6)

Module II

- 13 a) Derive the electromagnetic wave equation in a lossy dielectric medium. (8)
- b) From fundamental laws, derive the continuity equation for current. (6)

OR

- 14 a) Derive the expression for energy stored in electric field. (7)
- b) At the boundary of different materials, obtain the boundary conditions for the tangential and normal components of \vec{H} -field, with zero and nonzero surface currents. (7)

Module III

- 15 a) Using Maxwell's equation for free space, show that $\nabla^2 H = \frac{1}{c^2} \frac{\partial^2 H}{\partial t^2}$. (7)
- b) If $\epsilon_r = 9$, $\mu = \mu_0$, for a medium in which a wave with a frequency $f = 0.3$ GHz is propagating. Find the propagation constant and intrinsic impedance of the medium when conductivity $\sigma = 0$. (7)

OR

- 16 a) Obtain the expressions for reflection coefficient and transmission coefficient of plane wave when it is normally incident on the interface between two different dielectric boundaries. (7)
- b) For a uniform plane wave propagating in z-direction, $\vec{E} = 20 \sin(10^8 t - \beta z) \vec{a}_y$ in free space. Find D, H, β and phase velocity for the wave. (7)

Module IV

- 17 a) State Poynting theorem. Derive Poynting theorem starting from Maxwell's equations. (7)
- b) A lossless transmission line is 80cm long and operates at a frequency of 600MHz. The line parameters are $L = 0.25 \mu\text{H/m}$ and $C = 100 \text{pF/m}$. Find the characteristic impedance, the phase constant, the phase velocity on the line and the input impedance for $Z_L = 100 \Omega$. (7)

OR

- 18 a) For a transmission line derive the expression for input impedance and reflection coefficient. (8)

- b) A distortionless transmission line operating at 500 MHz has $Z_0 = 80\Omega$, (6)
 $\alpha = 0.04 \text{ Neper/m}$, $\beta = 1.5 \text{ rad/m}$. Find the line parameters.

Module V

- 19 a) Obtain the input impedances for open circuited and short circuited transmission lines. (6)
 Explain how they relate to characteristic impedance of the line.
- b) In a rectangular waveguide for which $a = 1.5 \text{ cm}$, $b = 0.8 \text{ cm}$, $\sigma = 0$, $\mu = \mu_0$ and (8)

$$\epsilon = 4\epsilon_0, H_x = 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{a}\right) \cos\left(\frac{3\pi y}{b}\right) \sin(\pi 10^{11} t - \beta z) \text{ A/m. Determine:}$$

- i) Mode of propagation ii) cut off frequency iii) Phase constant, β
 iv) Propagation constant, γ v) Intrinsic wave impedance, η

OR

- 20 a) A 60Ω lossless line is terminated with a load, $Z_L = 60 + j60\Omega$. If the line is 0.6λ (8)
 long, then using Smith chart, Find (i) Reflection coefficient at load (ii) VSWR
 and (iii) Input impedance
- b) Examine whether the following modes propagate inside an air filled rectangular (6)
 waveguide of dimension $7.21 \text{ cm} \times 3.4 \text{ cm}$ operating at 5 GHz. i) TE_{01} ii) TM_{11}
 iii) TE_{30}
