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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERS

Name:

B.Tech Degree S6 (S, FE) / S4 (PT) (S) Examination January 2024 (20)

Course Code: CET302

Course Name: STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS-II

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

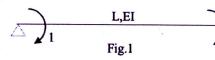
Marks

(3)

PART A

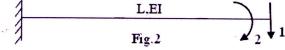
Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks.

- a) Differentiate between structure and mechanism with suitable examples. (3)
 - b) Write short note on the approximate method of analysis of multi storeyed (3) building for vertical load.
 - c) Differentiate between portal method and cantilever method of analysis of (3) multi storeyed building.
 - d) Derive flexibility matrix for the coordinates shown in Fig.1



e)

Derive stiffness matrix using physical approach for the coordinates (3) marked in Fig.2.



- f) Define Nodal load, element load, and equivalent joint load. (3)
- g) Explain global coordinate and local coordinate system used in matrix (3) method of analysis.
- h) Obtain the transformation matrix for the linear displacements of the ends of (3)
 a truss element in local and global coordinates; the member makes angle θ
 with the global x- direction.

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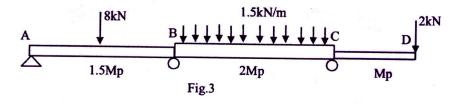
- i) Define the term 'degrees of freedom' as used in dynamic analysis. (3)
- j) Using D'Alembert's Principle derive the equilibrium equation of a dynamic (3) system having definite mass, stiffness and damping, subjected to a time varying force.

PART B

Answer one full question from each module, each carries 14 marks. Module I

2 a)

Determine the plastic moment capacity Mp of the continuous beam shown (14) in Fig.3. Given AB=BC=6m, CD=3m and the point load 8kN is applied at the mid span of AB.

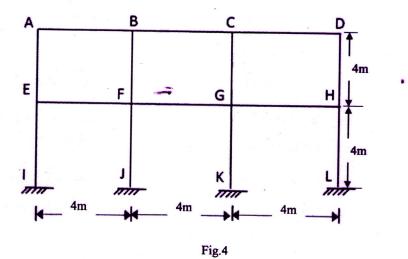


OR

a)

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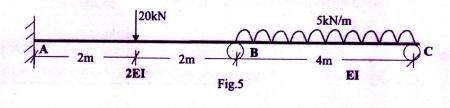
The building frame shown in Fig.4 carries design dead load of 12kN/m and (14) design live load of 25kN/m. Flexural rigidity EI is same for all members. Using substitute frame method, determine the maximum midspan positive moment on span FG.



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Module II

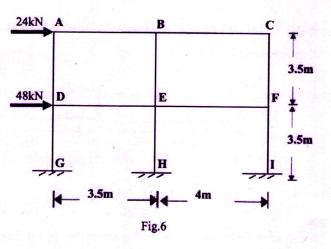
a) Analyse the beam in Fig.5 by Flexibility method and draw the bending (14) moment diagram. Flexural rigidity of AB is twice that of BC.



OR

(14)

5 a) Analyse the frame shown in Fig.6 using cantilever method.

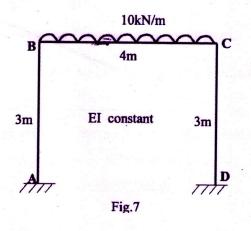


Module III

6 a)

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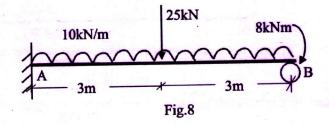
Analyse the frame shown in Fig.7 using stiffness method and draw the (14) bending moment diagram.



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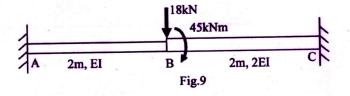
OR

7 a) Analyse the beam shown in Fig.8 using stiffness method and draw the (14) bending moment diagram. Flexural rigidity is EI.



Module IV

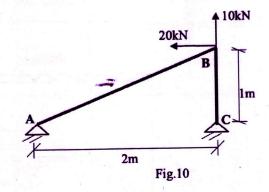
8 a) Analyse the beam shown Fig.9 by direct stiffness method and get the (14) displacements at point B.





9 a)

Analyse the pin jointed truss shown in Fig.10 by direct stiffness method and (14) get the displacements at joint B. Cross sectional area of the members = 500sqmm, E= 200GPa.



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Module V

10 a) A simply supported beam of span 10cm supports a mass 50kg at the (14) midspan point. The beam is of steel (E=200GPa) and has uniform cross section 25mm x 5mm. Determine the natural period of vibration of the system. If this mass is supported on a spring of stiffness 3kN/cm placed at the midspan, what will be the change in period of vibration?

OR

11 a) Derive the expression for the response of a critically damped SDOF system (14) with mass m, spring constant k and damping constant c, subjected to free vibration in x direction.