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## 0100MAT102062302

Reg No.:\_ Name: APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVER Second Semester B. Tech Degree (S, FE) Examination January 2024 (20) **Course Code: MAT 102** Course Name: VECTOR CALCULUS, DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND TRANSFORMS (2019 SCHEME) Max. Marks: 100 **Duration: 3 Hours** PART A Marks Answer all Questions. Each question carries 3 Marks 1 Find the parametric equation of the tangent line to the circular helix x =(3)  $\cos t$ ,  $y = \sin t$ , z = t, where  $t = \pi$ . If  $\bar{f}(x, y, z) = x^2 y \hat{\imath} + 2y^3 z \hat{\jmath} + 3z \hat{k}$ , find  $div \bar{f}$ . 2 (3) Use Green's theorem to evaluate  $\int_C (x^2 - 3y) dx + 3x dy$ , where C the circle 3 (3)  $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ . Show that  $\bar{f} = (y + z) \hat{i} - xz^3 \hat{j} + x^2 \sin y \hat{k}$  is free of source and sink. (3) Solve y''' + 9y' = 0. (3) 5 Find the Wronskian corresponding to the solution of y'' - 2y' + y = 0(3) 7 Find the Laplace transform of sin<sup>2</sup> 2t (3) Find  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s-1)(s-2)}\right\}$ (3) Find the Fourier cosine integral representation of the function (3)  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & : if \ 0 < x < 1 \\ 0 & : if \ x > 1 \end{cases}$ Find the Fourier cosine transform of  $e^{-x}$ , x > 0(3) 10 PART B Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks Module I 11 a) Find the directional derivative of  $f(x, y, z) = x^2y - yz^3 + z$  at the point (7)

(1, -2,0) in the direction of the vector  $\bar{a} = 2 \hat{\imath} + \hat{\jmath} - 2\hat{k}$ . (7) b) Evaluate  $\int_{c} (3x^{2} + y^{2}) dx + 2xy dy$ , along the circular arc C given by  $x = \cos t$ ,  $y = \sin t$ ,  $0 \le t \le \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

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12 a) Find the work done by the force field  $\bar{f} = xy \hat{i} + yz \hat{j} + xz \hat{k}$  on a particle that

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moves along the curve  $\bar{r}(t) = t \hat{i} + t^2 z \hat{j} + t^3 \hat{k}$ ,  $0 \le t \le 1$ .

Show that the force field  $\bar{f} = y \hat{i} + x \hat{j}$  is conservative. Hence evaluate  $\int_{(0,0)}^{(1,1)} \bar{f} \cdot d\bar{r}$ (7) **Module II** 13 a) Evaluate the surface integral  $\iint_{\sigma} xz \, ds$ , where  $\sigma$  is the portion of the plane x + y + z = 1, that lies in the first octant. (7) b) Use Stokes' theorem to evaluate  $\int_c \bar{f} \cdot d\bar{r}$ , where  $\bar{f} = (x - 2y)\hat{i} + (y - z)\hat{j} +$  $(z-x)\hat{k}$  and C is the circle  $x^2+y^2=a^2$  in the xy-plane with counter clockwise orientation looking down the positive z axis. (7) Let  $\sigma$  be the portion of the surface  $z = 1 - x^2 - y^2$  that lies above the xy-plane. (7) Find the flux of the vector field  $\bar{f} = x \hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z \hat{k}$  across  $\sigma$ . Evaluate  $\int_C tan^{-1}y \, dx - \frac{y^2x}{1+y^2} \, dy$ , where C is the square with vertices (7)(0,0), (1,0), (0,1) and (1,1). **Module III** 15 a) Solve the initial value problem y'' + 9y = 0, y(0) = 0.2, y'(0) = -1.5. (7) b) By the method of variation of parameters to solve  $y'' + 4y = \tan 2x$ . (7) 16 a) By the method of undetermined coefficients solve  $y'' + 2y' + 4y = 3e^{-x}$ . **(7)** b) Solve  $x^2y'' + xy' + 9y = 0$ , y(1) = 0, y'(1) = 2.5. **(7) Module IV** Find the Laplace transform of (i)  $t \sin 2t$  (ii)  $e^{-t} \sin 3t \cos 2t$ . (7) Using convolution theorem find  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s(s^2+4)}\right\}$ . (7)OR 18 a) Find  $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{4s+5}{(s+2)(s-1)^2}\right\}$ . (7) Use Laplace transforms to solve y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0, y(0) = y'(0) = 1. (7)

Find the Fourier transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1: & \text{if } |x| < 1 \\ 0: & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$ 

Module V

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b) Find the Fourier sine integral of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin x, & 0 \le x \le \pi \\ 0, & x > \pi \end{cases}$  (7)

OR

- 20 a) Using Fourier integral representation show that  $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos \omega x}{1+\omega^2} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} e^{-x}, x > 0.$  (7)
  - Find the Fourier sine transform of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} k, & 0 < x < a \\ 0, & x > a \end{cases}$  (7)

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