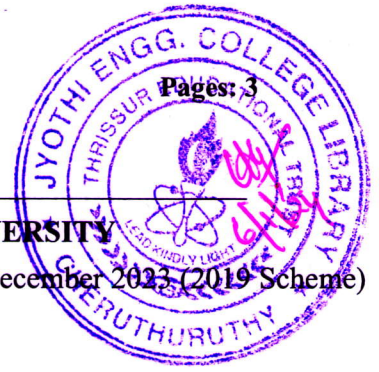


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Reg No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Fifth Semester B.Tech Degree Regular and Supplementary Examination December 2023 (2019 Scheme)

Course Code: RAT 301

Course Name: INTRODUCTION TO ROBOTICS

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

**PART A**

*(Answer all questions; each question carries 3 marks)*

Marks

- 1 Define degrees of freedom. What is the minimum number of degrees of freedom that a robot needs to have to locate its end effector at an arbitrary point with an arbitrary orientation in space? 3
- 2 Explain 3R concurrent wrist. 3
- 3 Distinguish between fundamental and composite rotation matrix. 3
- 4 A mobile frame M is rotated about the fixed frame F by an angle  $\pi/2$  about the  $f^2$  axis. Determine the fundamental rotation matrix 3
- 5 Differentiate joint space and cartesian space description. 3
- 6 Define straight-line trajectory. 3
- 7 Explain the Euler-Lagrange equation for dynamic modelling. 3
- 8 What are the disadvantages of single-axis PID control? 3
- 9 What are the core issues faced by wheeled robots 3
- 10 What are optical encoders? Explain with a diagram. 3

**PART B**

*(Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks)*

**Module -1**

- 11 a) Explain the anatomy of a robot manipulator. 8
- b) Explain SCARA. 6
- 12 a) With suitable diagrams, explain the various robot configurations. 7
- b) Write a short note on different types of grippers 7

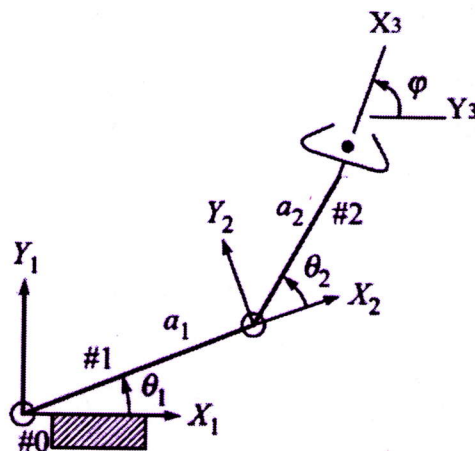
**Module -2**

- 13 a) A point p with a position as  $[7,3,1]^T$  is attached to frame M and subjected to the following transformation: 7
  - i) Rotation of  $90^\circ$  along the z-axis

- ii) Followed by rotation of  $90^\circ$  along the y-axis
- iii) Followed by translation of  $[4,-3,7]$

Find the coordinate of the point relative to the fixed frame

- b) Write the algorithm for DH representation. 7
- 14 a) Determine all the fundamental rotation matrices along the x, y, and z axis with suitable axis rotation diagrams 6
- b) Obtain the D-H Parameters of a two-link planar arm. Also, derive its forward kinematic equations. 8

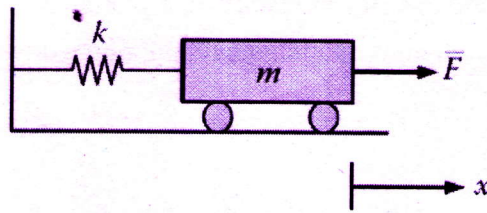


**Module -3**

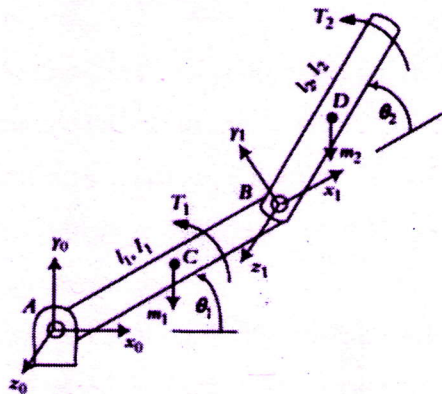
- 15 a) It is desired to have the fifth joint of a 6-axis robot go from an initial angle of  $20^\circ$  to a final angle of  $60^\circ$  in 5 seconds. Plan a third-order (cubic) polynomial for this requirement with a drawing of the displacement, velocity and acceleration profiles. 8
- b) Explain how the A\* algorithm can be used in robot trajectory planning. 6
- 16 a) Describe the application of cubic polynomials to trajectory planning in joint space. 8
- b) Explain potential field-based path planning for robots. 6

**Module -4**

- 17 a) Derive the force-acceleration relationship for the 1-DOF system shown in Figure below, using both the Lagrangian mechanics. Assume the wheels have negligible inertia. 5



- b) Derive the closed loop transfer function of single-axis PID control with the necessary block diagram. 9
- 18 a) Derive the dynamic model of a 1 DOF robot, including the motor and gearbox. 6
- b) Derive of the equations of motion for the 2-DOF 2R planar manipulator robot arm, 8 shown in Figure below. The centre of mass for each link is at the centre of the link. The moments of inertia are  $I_1$  and  $I_2$ .



Module -5

- 19 a) Write a short note on the industrial application of robots. 7
- b) Explain the robot considerations for an application. 7
- 20 a) Define the various sensor characteristics. 7
- b) Explain open loop and feedback control with necessary diagrams. 7

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