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Name:

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSIT

B.Tech Degree S4 (R,S) / S4 (PT) (R,S) Examination June 2023 (2019 Scheme

Course Code: ECT204

Course Name: SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

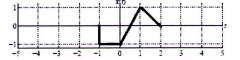
PART A

	(Answer all questions; each question carries 3 marks)	Marks
1	Sketch the following waveform.	3
	x(t) = t.[u(t)-u(t-4)]	
2	Check for shift invariance & linearity the systems represented by	3
	$\mathbf{y}(\mathbf{t}) = \mathbf{x}^2(\mathbf{t}-1)$	
3	State and prove the time scaling property of CTFT.	3
4	Determine LT of $x(t) = e^{-4t} u(t) - e^{-4(t-1)} u(t)$	3
5	Explain the role of Laplace Transform in determining the system function.	3
6	What should be the minimum sampling frequency for the correct sampling of the	3
	signal $x(t) = 4 \sin(2\pi t) + \cos(5\pi t + 0.1) + \cos(\pi t)$	
7	Determine DTFT of $x(t) = \partial(n+3) - \partial(n-3)$	3
8	State and Prove the Convolution property of DTFS	3
9	Find the Z transform of $x(n) = r^n \sin \omega_n u(n)$	3
10	What is the final value of x(n), if $\mathbf{X}(\mathbf{Z}) = \frac{\mathbf{Z}^2}{(\mathbf{z}-1)(\mathbf{z}-0.\mathbf{Z})}$	3
*	PART B	

(Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks)

Module -1

11 a) Given x(t). Sketch a . x(-t), b. x(t+2), c. x(t-1), d. x(t/2), e. x(2t).



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fundamental periods.

a. $x(t) = \sin 2t + \cos 3\pi t$

b. $\sin 2\pi t + \cos \sqrt{2\pi t}$

12 a) Find the response of an LTI system whose input x(t) and impulse response h(t)8 are given

$$x(t) = u(t)$$
$$h(t) = e^{-at}u(t)$$

b) What is the output y(n) for a LTI system with impulse response h(n)=(1,2,1) for 6 an input sequence x(n)=(1,3,3,2,1).

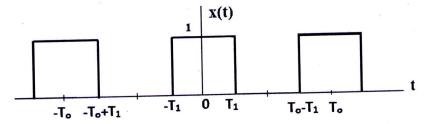
Module -2

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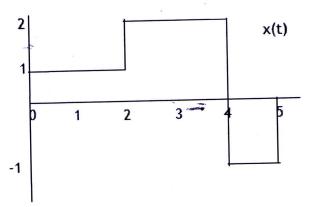
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13 a) Find the complex exponential Fourier series for the function shown for $T_0=4,8$. 8



b) Determine FT of the signal given below.



- (i) Using the frequency shifting property find FT of x(t)= e^{j2t}u(t)
 (ii) Using Time reversal property find FT of x(t) = u(-t)
 - b) Determine the Laplace Transform and express the ROC of the signal $\mathbf{x}(t) = \mathbf{e}^{-t} \mathbf{u}(t) + \mathbf{e}^{-2t} \mathbf{u}(t)$

Module -3

15 a) A certain continuous LT1 system is described by the following differential 6 equation. $\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 5 y(t) = x(t)$

Determine y(t) using Fourier Transform for the following inputs.

(i) $x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$

(ii) $\mathbf{x}(t) = \partial(t)$

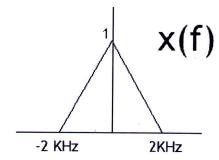
b) Using convolution property of the Laplace Transform determine the system 8 response for the following input x(t) and impulse response h(t)

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(i)
$$\mathbf{x}(t) = \mathbf{e}^{-2t} \mathbf{u}(t), \mathbf{h}(t) = \mathbf{e}^{-3t} \mathbf{u}(t)$$

(ii)
$$x(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$$
, $h(t) = (1+e^{-3t}) u(t)$

- 16 a) Find the Nyquist rate of the signal
 - (i) $x(t) = \sin 20 \pi t 2 \cos 100 \pi t$
 - (ii) $x(t) = \cos 150 \pi t. \sin 100 \pi t$
 - b) Consider the continuous time band-limited signal x(t) with a spectrum x(f) as 8 shown in figure above. Sketch the spectrum of the discrete time signals x₁[n] and x₂[n] obtained from x(t) by sampling at 5 KHz and 3 KHz respectively.



Module -4

17 a) A signal x[n] has the DTFT, X(ω)= 1/(1-ae^{-jω}). Find x[n]. Determine the DTFT of 8
(i) x[n+1]
(ii) x[n]*x[-n], * stands for convolution
b) Find the DTFT of the discrete time signal x(n) = a |n|, -1 <a<1
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18 a) Determine the Discrete Time Fourier series representation for the sequences
(i) x[n] = cos π/3 n + sin π/4 n

(ii)
$$x[n] = \cos^2 \left[\frac{\pi}{8} n\right]$$

b) Find the impulse response of the system using DTFT, described by the difference 6 equation.

$$y[n] = x[n] + \frac{1}{2} x[n-1] + \frac{1}{2} y[n-1]$$

Module -5

- 19 a) Determine z transform of the function $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}) = (\mathbf{n}+\mathbf{0.5})(\mathbf{1/3})^n u(\mathbf{n})$ 6
 - b) Obtain the transfer function and impulse response for a stable and causal system 8 with difference equation

$$y[n] + \frac{1}{6}y[n-1] - \frac{1}{6}y[n-2] = 3x[n] - \frac{1}{6}x[n-1]$$

20 a) Determine inverse Z transform of

(i)
$$X(z) = \frac{0.5z}{(z-1)(z-0.5)}$$

(ii) $X(z) = \frac{z}{z^2 - z + 1}$

b) Draw the pole zero plot and comment on the stability of the system given by $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}) = (1/4)^n \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n}) + (-1/2)^n \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n})$

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