

Reg No.: _____

Name: _____

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Eighth Semester B.Tech Degree Regular Examination June 2023 (2019 Scheme)

**Course Code: ECT434****Course Name: SECURE COMMUNICATION****Max. Marks: 100****Duration: 3 Hours****PART A***Answer all questions, each carries 3 marks.*

- | | | Marks |
|----|--|-------|
| 1 | With examples explain the different classification of security attacks. | (3) |
| 2 | What are the important criteria that should be considered by a programmer who is developing an encryption algorithm? | (3) |
| 3 | Define the inverse element for any operation in a group | (3) |
| 4 | Perform the following operations | (3) |
| | a. Add 17 to 27 in Z_{14} | |
| | b. Subtract 43 from 12 in Z_{13} | |
| 5 | What is Avalanche effect in cryptography? | (3) |
| 6 | Explain how an Expansion Permutation is used in DES Encryption algorithm | (3) |
| 7 | State and prove Euler's theorem | (3) |
| 8 | Compare and Contrast between Conventional Encryption and Public Key Encryption algorithms | (3) |
| 9 | What are the different attacks that can be addressed using message authentication? | (3) |
| 10 | What are the different applications of Cryptographic Hash Functions? | (3) |

PART B*Answer any one full question from each module, each carries 14 marks.***Module I:**

- 11 a) How is monoalphabetic substitution cipher stronger than Ceaser Cipher. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of monoalphabetic cipher (6)

A message is encrypted using monoalphabetic substitution cipher using the following key. Decrypt the message.

Key: CFJNSXADHLORVZEKPUBGMWITQY
 Cipher: KUCJGHJS VCOSB VCZ KSUXSJG

- b) With a block diagram, explain the model of a symmetric cryptosystem. Discuss the broad classification of cryptosystem based on the three independent dimensions of cryptography (8)

OR

- 12 a) Explain in detail the different types of attacks on Encrypted messages based on the information available for Cryptanalysis (8)
- b) Encrypt the text "HOW ARE YOU" using the key "GYBNQKURP", taking one word of the message at a time (6)

Module II

- 13 a) Consider the set $S=[a,b]$ with addition and multiplication defined by the following tables (9)

+	a	b
a	a	b
b	b	a

\times	a	b
a	a	a
b	a	b

Is S a ring? Justify your answer

- b) Determine the GCD of 4655 and 12075. Check whether these numbers are relatively prime (5)

OR

- 14 a) Check whether a multiplicative inverse exist for 27 in Z_{100} and if so, Find the multiplicative inverse of 27 in Z_{100} (7)
- b) What is an Abelian group? Find whether the set of integers is an abelian group under addition. Justify (7)

Module III

- 15 a) With the help of appropriate diagrams explain the Feistel Encryption and Decryption in detail (14)

OR

- 16 a) Describe in detail the key expansion logic used in AES Encryption (7)
- b) Describe the internal structure of a single round of DES Encryption algorithm (7)

Module IV

- 17 a) With the help of a block diagram, explain the architecture of a public key cryptosystem that can provide both confidentiality and authentication (8)

- b) In a public key cryptosystem using RSA algorithm, a person intercept the Cipher (6)
text sent to a user whose public key is $e=5$ and $n=35$. The intercepted ciphertext
is 10. Find out the plaintext?

OR

- 18 a) What is the driving principle behind Diffie-Hellman algorithm for key exchange. (10)
Elaborate on the algorithm with an example using a prime number 19 and its
primitive root 3.
- b) Using Fermats theorem, calculate $25^8 \bmod 7$ (4)

Module V

- 19 a) With the help of appropriate diagrams, explain the different types of message (14)
authentication using hash function and their applications

OR

- 20 a) List out the different mechanisms possible to generate a message authenticator. (4)
- b) Explain in detail how MAC can be used for message authentication (10)
