02000CE202052002

> Course Code: CE202 Course Name: STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS – I (CE)

Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 Hours

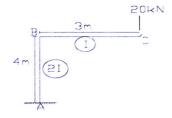
Answer any two full questions from each part. Assume any missing data suitably.

PART A

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

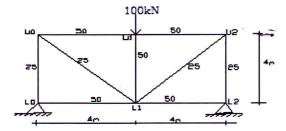
Marks

- a) Illustrate the situation in which method of sections are preferred over method of joints? (6) Explain the step by step procedure for finding out the member forces in a perfect truss by method of sections.
 - b) Determine the vertical deflection at the free end of the cantilever frame shown in figure (9) using strain energy method. Take $E = 200 \text{kN/mm}^2$ and $I = 30 \text{x} 10^7 \text{mm}^4$



2 a) State and prove Betti's theorem

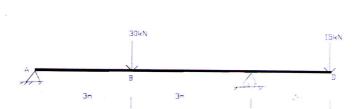
- (5)
- b) Using unit load method, find the vertical deflection at L1 of the loaded truss shown in figure. The cross sectional areas of the members in cm² are marked along with the members. Take $E = 2.0 \times 10^5 N/mm^2$.



3 a) State and prove Catigliano's theorem for deflection

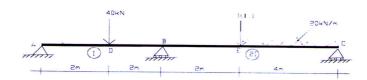
(6)

b) Determine the vertical deflection at the free end D of the overhanging beam shown in the following figure by using unit load method. Take $E = 2x10^5 N/mm^2$ and $I = 1x10^7 mm^4$.



PART B
Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

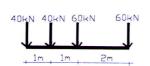
4 a) Find the reactions in the beam shown in figure using consistent deformation method. (15) The segment AB has uniform I values and segment BC has uniform 2I values.



5 a) A two hinged rectangular portal frame ABCD of uniform flexural rigidity is shown in (15) figure. Find the horizontal thrust and draw the BMD. Use strain energy method.



6 a) The following system of concentrated loads rolls from left to right on a girder of span (15) 16m with 60kN load leading. Determine the absolute maximum moment, the maximum moment and maximum shear force at 4m from the left support.



PART C Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

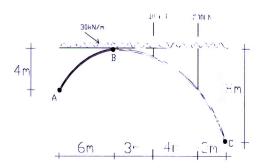
7 a) State and explain Eddy's theorem in arches.

- (6)
- b) A cable of span 100m has its ends at heights 8m and 15m above the lowest point of the cable. It carries a uniformly distributed load of 10kN/m per unit horizontal run of the

02000CE202052002

span. Determine the horizontal and vertical reactions at the supports. What is the length of the cable?

- 8 a) Prove that an arch is more economical than a simply supported beam having same span (7) and same load by quoting one example.
 - b) A three hinged arch of span 16m has its abutments A and B is shown in figure. (13) Determine the horizontal thrust and vertical reactions at the hinged supports A and B.



- 9 a) Explain with neat figure the main components of suspension bridges. Also show the (8) load distribution in suspension bridges with a neat figure.
 - b) A three hinged circular arch of span 40m carries a concentrated load of 120kN at a (12) horizontal distance of 10m from the left end. Find the reactions at the supports maximum positive and negative bending moment.

