

Reg No.: _____

Name: _____

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Seventh Semester B.Tech Degree (S, FE) Examination January 2023 (2015 Scheme)

Course Code: EC409

Course Name: CONTROL SYSTEMS

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

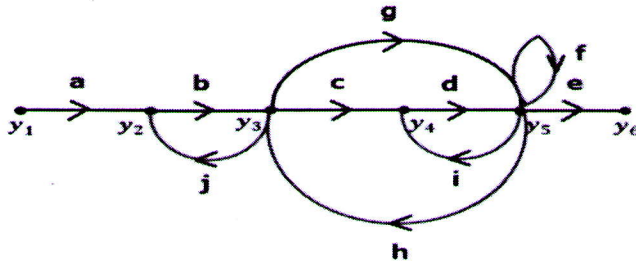
Note: Provide normal and semi log graph sheets

PART A

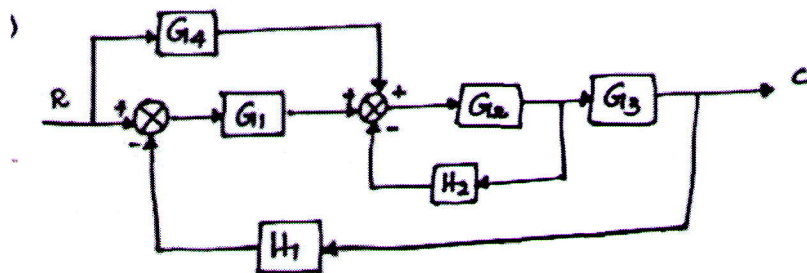
Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

Marks

- 1 a) What are the general requirements of a control system. (2.5)
- b) Explain Mason's gain formula and find the overall transfer function of the SFG given below. Mark the input node, output node, mixed nodes (10)



- c) List out the limitations of Transfer function approach (2.5)
- 2 a) The open loop transfer function of a system is given by $G(s) = \frac{10(s+2)(s+3)}{s(s+1)(s+4)(s+5)}$ (7)
Determine all the error constants and steady state error when subjected to an input $r(t) = 3 + 2t + t^2$
- b) Obtain the time response of a 2nd order under damped system subjected to a step input and mark all its time domain specifications (8)
- 3 a) Differentiate between type and order of a system and how it relates to stability of a system with example (5)
- b) Find the overall transfer function using block reduction rule (10)



PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

- 4 a) The characteristic equation of the system is given by $s^5 + 6s^4 + 15s^3 + 30s^2 + 44s + 24 = 0$. Investigate stability using R H criteria and comment on the location of roots (5)
- b) Plot the **Root Locus** of the system whose open loop transfer function and comment on the stability of the system (10)

$$G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+5)(s^2 + 4s + 20)}$$

- 5 a) Draw the Bode plot of the open loop transfer function given and find frequency domain specifications and comment on the stability (10)

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{30}{s(1+0.5s)(1+0.08s)}$$

- b) Comment on the stability using Nyquist stability criteria and plot for the given $G(s) = \frac{(s+2)}{(s+1)(s-1)}$ (5)
- 6 a) Compare P PI & PID controllers (9)
- b) Differentiate between Minimum phase and non minimum phase system with an example (6)

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

- 7 a) List out the advantages of state space technique (4)
- b) A system described by the following differential equation. Represent it in state space model in phase variable form (8)

$$\frac{d^3 x}{dt^3} + 3 \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + 4 \frac{dx}{dt} + 4x = u_1(t) + 3u_2(t) + 8u_3(t)$$

Output equations are

$$y_1 = 4 \frac{dx}{dt} + 3u_1(t)$$

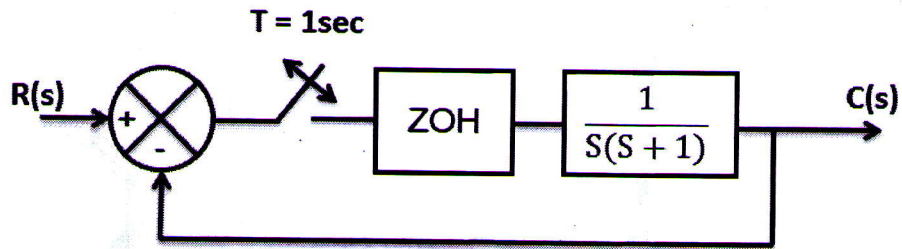
$$y_2 = 4 \frac{d^2 x}{dt^2} + 4u_2(t) + u_3(t)$$

- c) List out the properties of State transition matrix. Find $\Phi(t)$, given $A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ by using Laplace transform method (8)

- 8 a) A discrete time system is represented by the difference equation (4)
 $y(k+3) + 4y(k+2) + 3y(k+1) + 5y(k) = u(k+1) + u(k)$

Find the transfer function $\frac{Y(z)}{U(z)}$ of the system.

- b) Explain Jurys stability test on discrete control systems. Check the stability (8)
 $F(z) = z^4 - 1.7z^3 + 1.05z^2 - 0.268z + 0.025$
- c) Obtain the pulse transfer function of the system shown below (8)



- 9 a) Explain Kalmans Test and Gilbert test for observability of a system. Test the (12)
 observability of the system using Kalmans test.

Given

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}; \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}; \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) Explain open loop and closed loop sampled control systems with schematic. (8)
