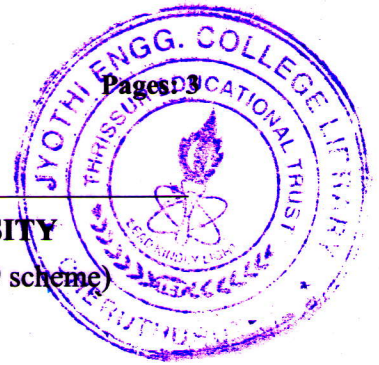


Reg No.: _____

Name: _____

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
 Second Semester B.Tech Degree Examination June 2022 (2019 scheme)



Course Code: EST130

Course Name: BASICS OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING
 (2019 -Scheme)

PART I : BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Max. Marks: 50

Duration: 90 min

PART A

Answer all questions, each carries 4 marks

Marks

- | | | |
|---|---|-----|
| 1 | Three resistors, 6Ω , 10Ω and 15Ω are connected in star configuration. Obtain the equivalent resistance in a delta configuration. | (4) |
| 2 | Two coils A and B of 500 and 750 turns respectively are connected in series on the same magnetic circuit of reluctance 1.55×10^6 AT/Wb. Assuming that there is no flux leakage, calculate (i) self-inductance of each coil and (ii) mutual inductance between coils. | (4) |
| 3 | Explain the concept of statically induced emf in a magnetic circuit. | (4) |
| 4 | Derive the relation between line and phase voltages in a 3 phase star connected system. | (4) |
| 5 | Define the following terms with an example:
a) Phase b) Phase difference | (4) |

PART B

Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 10 marks.

MODULE 1

- | | | |
|---|---|------|
| 6 | Find the mesh currents i_1 , i_2 , i_3 in the circuit shown in Figure 1 by performing mesh analysis | (10) |
|---|---|------|

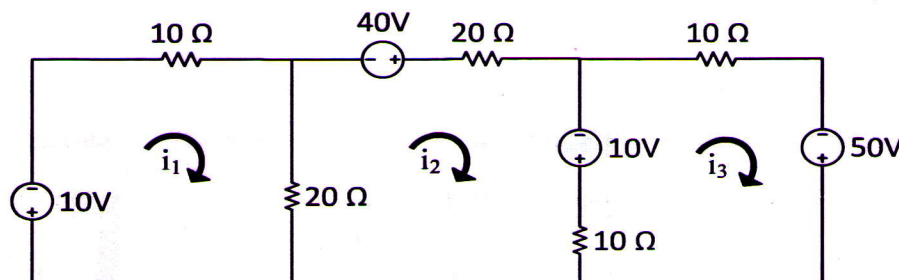


Figure 1

OR

- 7 Find the node voltages v_1 and v_2 in the circuit given in Fig. 2. Also find the power dissipated in the 4Ω resistor. (10)

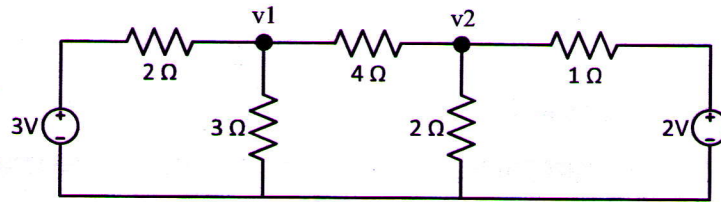


Figure 2

MODULE 2

- 8 a A core forms a closed magnetic loop of path length 32 cm. Half of this path has a cross-sectional area of 2 cm^2 and relative permeability 800. The other half has a cross-sectional area of 4 cm^2 and relative permeability 400. Find the current needed to produce a flux of 0.4 Wb in the core if it is wound with 1000 turns of insulated wire. Ignore leakage and fringing effects. (6)
- b Compare electric and magnetic circuits. (4)

OR

- 9 a An iron ring of cross-sectional area 6 cm^2 is wound with a wire of 100 turns and has a saw cut of 2 mm. Calculate the magnetising current required to produce a flux of 0.1 mWb . if mean length of magnetic path is 30 cm and relative permeability of iron is 470. (8)
- b Define the terms relative permeability and flux density and give the relation between the two terms. (2)

MODULE 3

- 10 Explain with phasor diagram instantaneous power when alternating current is supplied through a series R-L circuit. Also draw the impedance triangle and write an expression for active, reactive and apparent power in R-L circuit. (10)

OR

- 11 A balanced three phase load has per phase impedance of $(30 + j50)\text{ ohm}$. if the load is connected across 400 V, 3 phase supply, find (i) Phase current (ii) line current (iii) power supplied to the load when it is connected in (a) star (b) delta. (10)

PART 2 : BASIC ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Max. Marks: 50

Duration: 90 min

PART A

Answer all questions, each carries 4 marks

Marks

- 12 Draw the symbol of resistor and explain any three specifications. (4)
- 13 For an NPN Transistor, $\alpha = 0.98$, $I_B = 100 \mu A$, Find I_E and I_C . (4)
- 14 Explain the action of shunt capacitor filter. (4)
- 15 Explain the working principle of Zener voltage regulator. (4)
- 16 Differentiate between amplitude modulation (AM) and frequency modulation (FM). (4)

PART B

Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 10 marks.

MODULE 4

- 17 a Explain with necessary diagrams, the principle of operation of NPN transistor (5)
- b Describe the colour coding of a resistor with example. (5)

OR

- 18 a Draw the circuit diagram of a common emitter amplifier. (3)
- b Explain the input and output characteristics of common emitter configuration with neat diagrams (7)

MODULE 5

- 19 Describe the components of a DC power supply using a neat block diagram. (10)

OR

- 20 Explain the working of RC coupled amplifier with circuit diagram and relevant waveforms. Also explain the frequency response of RC coupled amplifier. (10)

MODULE 6

- 21 a Explain the concept of cells in cellular communication. (3)
- b Draw the block diagram of GSM and explain the principle of operation. (7)

OR

- 22 a Describe the principle and working of an antenna. (6)
- b What is frequency reuse? Explain with a diagram. (4)
