APJ ABDULKALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY 08 PALAKKAD CLUSTER Name: Q. P. Code: PE0821121-I (Pages: 4) Reg. No: ... FIRST SEMESTER M.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION DECEMBER 2021 **Branch: Electrical and Electronics Engineering Specialization: POWER ELECTRONICS 08EE6221 SYSTEM DYNAMICS Time: 3 hours** Max. Marks: 60 Answer all six questions. Modules 1 to 6: Part 'a' of each question is compulsory and answer either part 'b' or part 'c' of each question. (Answer all questions with relevant diagrams &/expressions only) . Q. No. Module 1 Marks ·1. a Mathematically analyse the sensitivity of eigen values to system parameters, when 3 the system is modelled in state space form. Answer b or c b Consider the system function given below 6 $G(s) = \frac{(s+5)}{(s+2)(s^2+3s+4)}$ Obtain state models by direct and cascade decompositions. Draw the relevant diagrams also. How will you obtain the solution of a state equation? Obtain the solution, of the . C 6 state equation given by $\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} u$ $y = [1 \ 2] x$ Module 2 Q. No. Marks 2. a How will you find the solution of a discrete time system, modelled in state space. 3 Explain any one method.

Answer b or c

1

6

6

Consider the system defined by its transfer function

$$\mathbf{G}(\mathbf{z}) = \frac{0.2838z + 0.1485}{(z-1)(z-0.1353)}$$

Obtain state models in controllable canonical form and diagonal forms.

Consider the system defined by transfer function С

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+3)}$$

Obtain the discrete time system model valid at the sampling instants. Also obtain the specific expressions for the system model when T = 1 sec.

Module 3

Marks

3

What is the importance of sign definiteness of scalar functions in the stability 3. a analysis by Liapunov's method? What is the significance of quadratic forms?

Answer b or c

Analyse the stability of the equilibrium point of a nonlinear spring mass damper 6 b system, using Liapunov's method. The system equation is given as:

$$m\ddot{x} + b\dot{x} |\dot{x}| + k_0 x + k_1 x^3 = 0$$

Explain Krasovskii's theorem for analysing the stability of nonlinear systems. С By use of Krasovskii's theorem examine the stability of the equilibrium state of the following system:

$$\dot{x_1} = -x_1$$

 $\dot{x_2} = x_1 - x_2 - x_2^3$

Module 4

Marks

6

Q. No.

What do you mean by output controllability of a LTIV system? Discuss any one 3 4.a method to determine the output controllability

Answer b or c

b

What do you mean by observability matrix? Derive an expression for the 6 observability matrix of a LTIV discrete time system.

Q. No.

b

Analyse the following systems for state controllability. Verify your answers with the help of diagrams also.

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0^{\bullet} & -2 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}$$
$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}$$

Module 5

Q. No.

1

С

5. a What do you mean by duality principle related to controllability and observability? Analyse duality principle with an example.

Answer b or c

b Consider the system

$$G(s)=\frac{1}{s^2}$$

Design a pole placement controller such that the closed loop poles are at

 $s = -1 \pm j$. Draw the block diagram of the compensated system also. What is the control law you designed? Verify your answer using any other method of controller design also.

c Design a state observer to the given system such that the observer eigen values are at

 $\mu = -2 \pm j 2 \sqrt{3}, \mu = -5.$

The system is given as

$$\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -6 & -11 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{u}$$
$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}$$
Module 6

Q. No.

6. a Analyse parameter optimisation problem of discrete time systems. What is the cost function? How will you find a solution by Liapunov's method.

Answer b or c

Marks

4

3

8

4

Marks

6

8

Determine the optimal control function u for the system described by

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{B}\mathbf{u}$$

8

8

Where,

b

C

.

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}, A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Such that the following performance equation is minimised:

$$J = \int_0^\infty (x'x + u'u) \, dt$$

Consider a unity feedback system with closed loop transfer function

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2\xi s + 1}$$

Determine the value of ξ so that, when the system is subjected to a unit step input, the following performance index is minimised:

$$J = \int_{0+}^{\infty} (e^2 + \mu \dot{e}^2) dt$$

Where, e = r - c, error signal