Reg No.:

Name:

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Seventh Semester B.Tech Degree Regular and Supplementary Examination December 2021 (2013 Scheme)

Course Code: AO401 Course Name: COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS

Max. Marks: 100

1

Duration: 3 Hours

Pages: 2

PART A

Answer any three full questions, each carries 10 marks. Marks Distinguish between conservative and non-conservative forms of governing (5)

- a) Distinguish between conservative and non-conservative forms of governing (5) equations of fluid flow?
 - b) Discuss various applications of CFD and its merits over experimental method (5)
- 2 Derive an expression for the lift generated by an arbitrary body in a flow field (10) using panel method?
- a) The compressible potential flow equation, known as Prandtl-Glauert equation is (8) given by (1- M_∞²) φ_{xx} + φ_{yy} = 0. What type of partial differential equation does this represent in subsonic, supersonic and transonic flows?
 - b) Explain what is interpolation function and what is its use (2)
- 4 a) Using Taylor series expansion, derive the finite difference expressions for a (6) first order derivative with forward, backward, and central difference approximations
 - b) Explain how the coordinate in a compressed grid finely spaced in y direction in (4) the physical plane is transformed to computational plane?

PART B

Answer any three full questions, each carries 10 marks.

- In a linear convection equation $\frac{\partial U}{\partial t} + a \frac{\partial U}{\partial x} = 0$ where a >0, discretize this (10) equation and hence prove that the direct result of even order derivative indicate numerical dissipation?
- Check the consistency of the following equation's FTCS formulation, (10)

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \alpha \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

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Consider an 1-D heat flow equation as given below. Write the finite difference (10)

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equation in explicit form and hence prove that the numerical solution of this equation is conditionally stable

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \alpha \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

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Using Von Neumann stability analysis check the stability of given equation (10) using Crank-Nicholson implicit scheme

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \alpha \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

PART C

Answer any four full questions, each carries 10 marks.

- Calculate the density at one time step ahead by using Lax-Wendroff scheme (10) applied to unsteady, incompressible inviscid flow in the absence of body forces and volumetric heating?
- 10 a) Explain procedure for pressure correction technique for incompressible viscous (5) flow
 - b) Explain the necessity of staggered grids for the incompressible flow (5) computations with suitable sketch
- 11 Describe Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel iteration method for solution of Laplace (10) equation
- 12 Describe the node-centered and vertex-centered finite volume schemes with (10) suitable sketches
- 13Explain Runge-Kutta and Multi stage Time stepping(10)14a)Explain the concept of FVM(6)
 - b) Compare Central difference schemes and Upwind Schemes (4)

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