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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Fifth Semester B.Tech Degree (S,FE) Examination January 2022 (2015 Scheme)

Course Code: EE307 Course Name: SIGNAL AND SYSTEMS

Ma	ax. N	farks: 100 Duration:	3 Hours
		PART A	56.1
		Answer all questions, each carries 5 marks.	Marks
1		Check whether the system $y(t) = x\left(\frac{t}{2}\right)$ is dynamic, linear and time invariant	(5)
2		Find the Laplace transform of the function $x(t) = \sqrt{2}cos(3t + 45^\circ)u(t)$. Also	(5)
		specify the ROC.	
3		State and prove the Frequency shifting and Convolution properties of Fourier	(5)
		Transform.	
4		State and prove sampling theorem.	(5)
5		State and prove the scaling and time shifting properties of z-transform	(5)
6		Find the z-transform of $x[n] = 3\alpha^n u[-n]$. Indicate ROC, poles and zeros in z-	(5)
		plane.	
7		Explain any five types of non-linear systems.	(5)
8		State any 5 properties of Discrete Fourier series.	(5)
		PART B	
0		Answer any two full questions, each carries10 marks.	
9		$C_{1} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{1$	
		Consider the signal $x(t) = \begin{cases} -t + 2, 1 \le t \le 2 \end{cases}$	
		(0, elsewhere	
	a)	Write a mathematical equation for $y(t) = x(-2t - 3)$ and sketch $y(t)$.	(6)
	b)	Find the total energy of y(t).	(4)
10	a)	Define signum function.	(2)
	b)	Find the convolution of $x_1(t)$ and $x_2(t)$ given $x_1(t) = e^{-2t} u(t)$ and $x_2(t) = e^{-5t} u(t)$.	(3)
	c)	Determine the initial and final values for the given Laplace transform.	(5)
		$X(s) = \frac{5s+4}{s^2+2s+2}$	

06000EE307122001

$$\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 4y(t) = 3x(t)$$

due to the input $x(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$. Given that y(0) = 1 and $\frac{dy(t)}{dt}\Big|_{t=0} = -1$

b) Plot the pole-zero diagram of the system given by the transfer function

$$X(s) = \frac{s+3}{s^3 + 7s^2 + 24s + 18}$$

Also specify the ROC for this system is causal and stable, Justify your answer.

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries10 marks.

Obtain the trigonometric Fourier series coefficient of the periodic function (10)shown below.

12



13

Find the frequency response and impulse response of the system described by (5) a) the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 6y(t) = x(t) + 3\frac{dx(t)}{dt}$$

b) Explain aliasing.

An analog signal is expressed by the equation, $x(t) = 3cos(10\pi t) + sin(50\pi t)$. (3) c) Calculate the Nyquist rate in Hz for this signal.

14

$$h[n] = \beta^n u[n], |\beta| < 1$$

Compute the output signal y[n] for an input

$$x[n] = u[n + 12] - 2u[n + 4] + u[n - 7].$$

(5)

(2)

(10)

06000EE307122001

PART D

15	a)	Answer any two full questions, each carries 10 marks. Obtain the time domain signal corresponding to the following z transform.	(5)	
		$X(z) = \frac{(2z-7)}{(z-3)(z-2)} with ROC z < 2$		
	b)	Find the z transform of the signal $x[n] = (\sin \omega_0 n)u[n]$ and find ROC.	(5)	
16	a)	Determine the impulse response corresponding to the following transfer	(5)	
*	¥.	function if the system is stable		
		$H(z) = \frac{3 - 4z^{-1}}{1 - 3.5z^{-1} + 1.5z^{-2}}$		
	b)	What is random signal? Give an example.	(5)	
17	a)	Find the Discrete Fourier series representation of $x[n] = \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8} n$.	(5)	
	b)	Find the magnitude and phase response of the causal system y[n] - y[n-1]	(5)	
		$+\frac{3}{16}y[n-2] = x[n] - 0.5x[n-1].$		

1