Reg No.:

Name 2006 OGICAL UNIVERSITY APJ ABDUL KALA

Third Semester B.Tech Degree Examination December 2020 (2019 Scheme

Course Code: EET201 Course Name: CIRCUITS AND NETWORKS

Max. Marks: 100

4.

Duration: 3 Hours

FDUC

PART A Marks Answer all questions. Each question carries 3 marks 1. State and explain maximum power transfer theorem in DC circuits. (3)(3)2. Replace the network given below with a single current source and a resistor. 2Ω 10Ω 20V B 3. Explain the classification of series RLC circuits based on damping ratio. (3)Obtain the expression for the voltage across a capacitor discharging through a (3)resistor of resistance R. Assume that the initial voltage of the capacitor is V_0 . 5. Determine the voltage v(t) across a 2 Ω resistor, if the current is given by,. (3) $I(s) = \frac{2s+4}{s^2+4s+3}$

- Derive the s-domain equivalent circuit of a capacitor having an initial voltage of V_0 . (3)6.
- Explain the phenomenon of neutral shift in three phase 3 wire systems. (3)7.

8. Derive an expression for the Q- factor of series resonant circuits.

- 9. Express ABCD parameters in terms of Z parameters.
- Determine whether the two port network represented by the following network (3)10. equations is reciprocal.

$$V_1 = 3V_2 - 2I_2$$
$$I_1 = 4V_2 - 3I_2$$
PART B

Answer any one full question from each module. Each question carries 14 marks

Module 1

For the network given below, 11

> Obtain the Thevenin's equivalent circuit across the terminals A and B. a)

(10)

(3)

(3)

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- b) Determine the power dissipated in the 2 Ω resistance. 10Ω 5Ω A 2i i 4Ω 2Ω B
- 12 In the circuit given below,
 - a) Find the current *i* using superposition theorem.
 - b) Determine the power supplied by the 20V source



Module 2

- 13 a) A series RL circuit with R = 10Ω is connected to a 50V DC supply at t = 0. (7) Determine the value of the inductance L if the current through the inductor attains 50% of its steady state value in 1 seconds.
 - b) The switch K in the circuit given below has been at position 1 for a long time. (7) At t = 0, the switch is moved to position 2. Determine the current flowing through the inductor for t ≥ 0.



· 14

b)

- For the circuit shown below, the switch K, initially at position 1 for a long time, is changed to position 2 at time t = 0. Using Laplace transform technique,
- a) Find the circuit current i(t) for t > 0.

(8)

(6)



Obtain the expression for the voltage $V_c(t)$ across the 0.5F capacitor.

(4)

(10)

(4)

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Module 3

15' a) In the circuit given below, find the current flowing through the $-j1\Omega$ capacitor. (10)



b) In the circuit given below, the switch K is closed at t = 0, when the initial (4) current through the inductor is zero and initial voltage on the capacitor is 4 V. Draw the transformed circuit for t > 0 and write the mesh equations in s-domain.



The switch K in the circuit given below is in closed position for a long time. At t = 0, the switch is opened.

a) Determine the transformed circuit for t > 0.

1

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b) Find the expression for the voltage across the inductor, for t > 0, using nodal (10) analysis.

(4)



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Module 4

resistor, capacitor and an inductor are connected in series with a 230 V, riable frequency AC source. When the supply frequency is varied to 50Hz, a	
maximum current of 2A nows and the contract of 2	
capacitor is 500 V. Determine,	(6)
(i) Resistance, inductance and capacitance of the circuit.	(0)
(ii) O- factor and bandwidth of the circuit.	(4)
	(4)
(iii) The source frequencies at which the circuit current is $\sqrt{2}$ times the	

maximum current.

17

18

1

A 400 V, three-phase supply feeds an unbalanced three-wire, star-connected (14) load. The branch impedances of the load are $Z_R = 10\Omega$, $Z_Y = -j5\Omega$ and $Z_B = j15\Omega$. Calculate the line currents.

(8)

(6)

Module 5



b) Find the driving point impedance of the network given below.



a) Discuss the series and cascade interconnection of two port networks. (8) 20 (6)

b) The Y parameters of a two port network are $Y_{11} = 3\Im$, $Y_{12} = -1\Im$, $Y_{21} = -1\Im$ and $Y_{22} = 2U$. Determine the equivalent T-network.

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