

D 27174

(Pages 2)

Name .....

Reg. No. ....

**FIFTH SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING) DEGREE  
EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2006**

**EC 2K 502—ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD THEORY**

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

*Answer all questions.*

- (a) What is an electric dipole ? Explain obtain the expression for its resultant potential.
- (b) State and derive Divergence theorem and Stokes theorem.
- (c) Obtain the retarded form of scalar and vector magnetic potentials.
- (d) Explain the characteristics of an Ideal transmission line.
- (e) Derive Standard wave equations from Maxwell's equations.
- (f) Define uniform planewave. What is its significance ?
- (g) Define Brewster angle. Obtain an expression for it.
- (h) Differentiate phase velocity and group velocity. Show their relation in Brillouin diagram.

(8 × 5 = 40 marks)

- II. (a) (i) Derive an expression for capacitance of set of concentric cylinders/conductors. (8 marks)
- (ii) Find the potential in the far field for the linear quadrupole having three point charges located on the Z-axis. Assume charges  $2Q$  at  $Z = 0$ ,  $-Q$  at  $Z = a$  and  $-Q$  at  $Z = -a$ .

(7 marks)

*Or*

- (b) (i) Verify that the expression for the potential due to an electric dipole satisfies the Laplace equation.

(8 marks)

- (ii) Obtain expressions for Inductance of solenoids and toroids.

(7 marks)

- III. (a) (i) Explain ampere's work law in the differential vector form.

(8 marks)

- (ii) Derive an expression for energy stored in an magnetic field.

(7 marks)

*Or*

- (b) (i) Explain the analogies between electric and magnetic fields.

(8 marks)

- (ii) Verify within a conductor carrying a current  $I$  the magnetic field strength at a distance  $r$  from the centre of the wire is given by  $H = Ir/2\pi R^2$ ;  $R$  - radius of the wire. The current density is constant across the cross-section of the conductor.

(7 marks)

- IV. (a) (i) State and derive Poynting theorem.

(8 marks)

- (ii) Obtain Maxwell's equations for Sinusoidal Oscillations.

(7 marks)

*Or*

**Turn over**



- (b) Consider a source (J, P) in a medium whose properties are represented by  $\mu, \epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ . Beginning with Maxwell's equations in phasor form, derive the differential equations

$$\nabla^2 \mathbf{A} - \gamma^2 \mathbf{A} = -\mu \mathbf{J} ; \nabla^2 v - \gamma^2 v = -P/\epsilon \text{ in which } \gamma^2 = j\omega\mu(\sigma + j\omega\epsilon).$$

(15 marks)

- (a) (i) Define and explain Surface Impedance.

(8 marks)

- (ii) Determine the reflection co-efficients for an electromagnetic wave incident normally on (i) a sheet of copper ; (ii) a sheet of iron. Use  $F = 1$  MHz. Assume  $\sigma = 1 \times 10^6$  U/m,  $\mu = 1$  000 $\mu$ v. for the iron.

(7 marks)

Or

- (b) Write technical notes on :

1 Applications of Smith chart.

(8 marks)

2 Standing wave ratio and reflection co-efficient relation.

(7 marks)

[4 × 15 = 60 marks]