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COMBINED FIRST AND SECOND SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGIN DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2006

AI 2K 109—BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(Common to EC/EE/IC/BM/BT)

Time : Three Hours

Answer all questions. Assume missing data.

- I. (a) State and explain Kirchhoff's laws.
 - (b) What are the advantages of series, parallel and series parallel circuit?
 - (c) Write short notes on :

(i) Flux linkage.

(ii) Self-induction.

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- (iii) Mutual induction. (iv) Lenz's law.
- (d) Define RMS value and obtain the same for a sinusoidal voltage wave. *
- (e) What is an impedance triangle ? Draw the impedance triangle for R.L., R.C. and R-L-C series circuit.
- (f) Define natural response. In a series RLC circuit $R = 200 \Omega$, L = 0.1 H and $C = 1\mu F$. Determine the frequency of oscillation when subjected to an impulse input.
- (g) Write brief note on V-I relationships of L and C.
- (h) State:

II.

- (i) Norton's Theorem.
- (ii) Constant change Theorem.
- (iii) Maximum Power Transfer Theorem.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

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Marks

(a) For the network shown in Fig. 1. Solve for the node voltages and calculate current I_x. (7 marks)
(b) Replace the voltage source in the network shown in Fig. 1 with a dependent voltage source [+ reference mark at the right] that has a control equation of V = 1.5 V₁. Solve for the node



(8 marks) Turn over

- (c) Define inductance of a coil. Derive an expression for the inductance of a toroids.
- (8 marks)

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(d) Calculate the inductance of a toroid having 25 cm, mean diameter and 6.25 cm.² circular cross-section wound uniformly with 100 turns of wire. Hence calculate the e.m.f. induced when current in it increases at the rate of 100 A/sec.

(7 marks)

III. (a) An iron rod of 1.8 cm. diameter is bent to form a ring of mean diameter 25 cm. and wound with 250 turns of wire. A gap of 1 mm. exists in between the end faces. Calculate the current required to produce a flux of 0.6 mwb. Take relative permeability of iron of 1200.

(7 marks)

(b) A parallel plate capacitor has three similar plates, the outside two being joined together. If the inner plate is movable so that it can be used as a variable capacitor. If $C_1 = Capacitance$ when the inner plate is exactly mid way between the outers and $C_2 = capacitance$ when the inner plate is three times as near one plate as the other. Evaluate (C_1/C_2) .

(8 marks)

Or

- (c) State and explain Thevenin's theorem.
- (d) Use Thevenin's theorem to find the current in a resistance load connected between the terminals A and B of the network shown in Fig.2. (a) If the load is (i) 2Ω.
 (ii) 1Ω.





IV. (a) In the circuit shown in Fig. 3. switch is in position 1 for a long time and brought to position 2 at time t = 0. Determine the circuit current.



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(8 marks)

(8 marks)