D 26587

(Pages : 2)

Name Reg. No.

Maximum : 100 Marks

COMBINED FIRST AND SECOND SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2006

ME 04 108-BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING COL

(2004 admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Part A

- I. (a) A toroidal air cored coil with 2000 turns has a mean radius of 25 cm., the diameter of each turn being 6 cm. If the current in the coil is 10 A, find (a) mmf (b) flux and (c) flux density.
 - (b) What is the principle of electrodynamic Wattmeter ? Explain.
 - (c) Explain what is meant by impedance of a circuit and determine its value for a circuit having resistance R, inductance 'L' and capacitance 'C'. Also derive an expression for power factor.
 - (d) What is a balanced three phase system ? Explain.
 - (e) Draw neat sketches of step-up and step-down transformer. Explain their principles.
 - (f) Enumerate the merits and applications of autotransformers.
 - (g) What are the methods of exciting D.C. generators ? Explain any one method.
 - (h) Give an account on potential applications of D.C. series and shunt motors.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

(8 marks)

Part B

- II. (a) (i) State superposition theorem.
 - (ii) Compute the current in 23 ohm resistor of the Figure shown below using superposition theorem.



Or

(ii) Differentiate moving coil from moving iron instruments.

(7 marks)

(b) (i) Explain the principles of Induction type energy meter with a neat sketch.

(8 marks) (7 marks)

Turn over

III. (a) (i) Compare the parameters of series resonance circuit with parallel resonance circuit. D 26587 (ii) A capacitor and resistor are connected in series to an a.c. supply of 50 V and 50 Hz. The (8 marks) current is 2 A and the power dissipated in the circuit is 80 W. Calculate the resistance 1011 (7 marks) Or (b) (i) Show that a 3ϕ power can be measured with the help of 2 wattmeters. (ii) An inductive coil takes 10 A and dissipates 1000 W when connected to a supply at 250 V, 25 Hz. Calculate the impedance, the effective resistance, the reactance, the inductance IV. (a) (i) Define and explain the following for transformers : (7 marks) 1 Transformation Ratio, 2 Regulation. 3 Transformer efficiency. (ii) Differentiate ideal transformer from real transformer. (8 marks) (7 marks) Or (b) (i) Explain in detail the significance of having transformer o.c. and s.c. tests. (ii) Write a technical note on 'principles of autotransformers'. (8 marks) V. (a) (i) Derive the e.m.f. equation of D.C. generators. (7 marks) (ii) Explain the load characteristics of D.C. generator with neat curves. (8 marks) (7 marks) Or (b) (i) Describe in detail the construction and principle of Operation of D.C. motors. (8 marks) (ii) Derive an expression for back e.m.f. of D.C. motors. (7 marks) $[4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks}]$