# COMBINED FIRST AND SECOND SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 

Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.

Neatness carries weigatage.
Assume missing data, if any.
I. (a) A line $A B 120 \mathrm{~mm}$. long, has it's end ' $A$ ' in the third quadrant and end $B$ in the first quadrant, while its midpoint M is in VP and 20 mm . above HP . If the line is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to HP and $60^{\circ}$ to VP draw its projections.

## Or

(b) Line $A B$ has the end $A, 50 \mathrm{~mm}$. above $H P$ and 24 mm . in front of VP, while the other end $B$ is 20 mm . below. HP and 60 mm . behind. V.P. If the distance between the end projector is 90 mm . draw the projections and locate the traces.
II. (a) A circular lamina of diameter 80 mm . has the end M. of the diameter of MN in the HP and the lamina is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to the HP. Draw its projections when :
(i) The diameter MN appears to be inclined at $40^{\circ}$ to the V.P. in the top view.
(ii) The diameter MN makes $40^{\circ}$ with the V.P.

Or
(b) A solid hexagonal pyramid of base side 25 mm . and height 60 mm . is suspended freely by means of a string attached to one corner of the base of the pyramid. The axis of the pyramid is parallel to the V.P. Draw the projections of the pyramid.
III. (a) A solid is half pyramidal and half conical. The pyramidal portion has a base of three sides of size 30 mm . each. The axis length is 50 mm . The solid rests on the $H . P$. on its base with a side of the pyramidal base perpendicular to the V.P. It is cut by a plane perpendicular to the V.P. and inclined at $40^{\circ}$ to the H.P. The plane bisects the axis. Draw the elevation, sectional plan and the true shape of the section.

> Or
(b) The development of the lateral surface of a right circular cone is a sector of a circle of radius 75 mm . subtending an angle of $120^{\circ}$ at the centre. Draw the top and front view of the cone.
IV. (a) A hemisphere of 50 mm . diameter is nailed to the top of a frustum of a hexagonal pyramid sides of top and bottom ends being 20 mm . and 35 mm . respectively. The height of the frustum is 50 mm . The axes of the solids coincide. Draw the isometric projections of the combination of solids.
(b) A rectangular prism of base $50 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$. and height 50 mm . lies on its base on the ground plane. A vertical edge touches the picture plane and one of the longer edges of its base is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to PP and behind it. The station point is 50 mm . in front of PP. 75 mm . above the ground plane and lies in a central plane that passes through the centre of the prism. Draw the perspective view of the prism.
V. (a) A square headed bolt of side 50 mm . and thickness 20 mm . has cylindrical portion of diameter 30 mm . and length 50 mm . The bolt is resting on the HP on a base edge of the head with the axis inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to the HP and parallel to the V.P. Draw its projections.

Or
(b) Draw the three views of the block shown in the figure below :

$700^{t}$

