42020

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Reg. No. ENGG. C

Maximum : 100 Marks

Name.

THIRD SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING) DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 2007

EE 04 303 - STRENGTH OF MATERIALS

(2004 admissions)

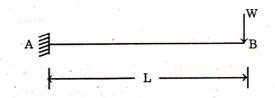
Time : Three Hours

Answer all questions.

- I. (a) Draw the stress-strain diagram of mild-steel. Mark various points and explain the following terms :
 - (i) Proportional Limit.
 - (ii) Elastic Limit.
 - (iii) Yield Point and Yield Stress.
 - (iv) Ultimate Strength.
 - (v) Breaking Strength.
 - (b) Explain the following :
 - (i) Principal Planes.
 - (ii) Principal Stresses.
 - (iii) Mohr's Circle of Stresses.



- (c) Explain Shear Force and Bending moment diagrams. Draw the Shear Force diagram of simply supported beam with uniformly distributed load of intensity w/m length over the whole span of length L.
- (d) Explain the assumptions and limitations of theory of simple bending.
- (e) Derive the equation for slope at any section of the beam shown below :



- (f) Derive the expression for power transmitted in the case of a solid circular shaft.
- (g) Write Euler's formula for very long columns with various and conditions and explain each term.
- (h) Derive the Lame's equation for the radial pressure and hoop stress at any specified point in the section of a thickly formed cylindrical shell.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Turn over

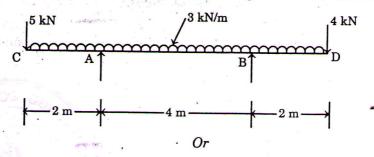
II. (a) The diameter of a circular steel rod is 20 mm, and it is 300 mm long. If the rod is subjected to a tensile force of 60 kN, calculate the extension to its length. Given E of steel as 200 kN/mm². Derive any formula used.

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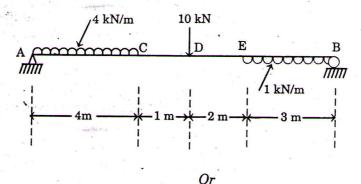
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Or

- (b) The plane stresses at a point across two perpendicular planes are 8000 N/mm² and 4000 N/mm² (both tensile). Determine the normal, tangential and the resultant stresses and its inclination on a plane 20° with major stress plane. Find also the intensity of stress, which alone can produce the same maximum strain. Take Poisson's ratio as 0.25.
- III. (a) Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams of the beam shown below :



- (b) A 6 m long beam with rectangular section 110 mm width and 250 mm depth is simply supported at the ends. If it is loaded with a uniformly distributed load of 4 kN/m. For the left half of the length of the beam, and a central concentrated load of 15 kN; determine the maximum bending stress and shear stress in the beam.
- IV. (a) Determine the slope at end A, and the deflection at the centre of the beam shown below :



- (b) A hollow circular shaft 250 mm external and 150 mm internal diameter rotates at 20 Hz. What power can be transmitted at a permissible shear stress of 80 N/mm²? Also calculate the angle of twist in 10 m length of the shaft. Take rigidity modulus as 83 GPa.
- V. (a) A cast iron column of hollow cylindrical section 5 m long, with ends firmly built-in, has to carry an axial load of 300 kN. Determine the section, using a factor of safety of 8. Internal diameter to be 8/10 of the external diameter. Rankine's constants for C.I. are :

Or

$$F_{\rm C} = 550 \text{ N/mm}^2$$
; $\alpha = \frac{1}{1600}$.

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(b) A thick cylinder whose external diameter is k times its internal diameter is subjected to an internal pressure. If the ratio of the maximum to minimum hoop stress is 'n', find the relation between n and k. If the maximum hoop stress is 45 N/mm² and the value of n is 2.5, find the internal radial pressure exerted and the necessary thickness of metal if the diameter of the bore is 150 mm.

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 $[4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks}]$

