

Reg No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

Seventh semester B.Tech examinations (S), September 2020

**Course Code: CE473****Course Name: Advanced Computational Techniques and Optimization**

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

**PART A***Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

Marks

- 1 a) Solve the following system of equations using Gauss-Seidel method: (9)  
 $8x - 3y + 2z = 20; 4x + 11y - z = 33; 6x + 3y + 12z = 35.$
- b) Explain the errors in numerical methods. (6)
- 2 a) Find the largest eigen value and corresponding eigen vector of matrix (8)  

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 1 & 8 \\ 7 & 4 & 1 \\ 1 & 7 & 9 \end{pmatrix}.$$
- b) Explain optimization procedure and constrained optimization. (7)
- 3 a) Find the extreme points of the function using multi variable unconstrained (9)  
 optimization technique  
 $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^3 + x_2^3 + 2x_1^2 + 4x_2^2 + 6$
- b) Define slack variable, surplus variable, and artificial variables. (6)

**PART B***Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.*

- 4 a) Apply Lagrange's formula to find  $f(5)$ . Given that, (8)  
 $f(1) = 2, f(2) = 4, f(3) = 8, f(7) = 128.$
- b) The pressure and volume of a gas are related by the equation  $pV^\gamma = k$ ,  $\gamma$  and  $k$  (7)  
 being constants. Fit this equation to the following set of observations:
- |                        |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| p(kg/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | 0.5  | 1.0  | 1.5  | 2.0  | 2.5  | 3.0  |
| V(litres)              | 1.62 | 1.00 | 0.75 | 0.62 | 0.52 | 0.46 |
- 5 a) Using simplex method solve the LPP: Maximize  $z = x_1 + x_2 + 3x_3$  subject to (8)  
 $3x_1 + 2x_2 + x_3 \leq 3; 2x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \leq 2; x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0.$

- b). Write the dual of the following LPP; Minimize  $z = 2x_1 + 3x_2 + 4x_3$  subject to (7)

$$2x_1 + 3x_2 + 5x_3 \geq 2; 3x_1 + x_2 + 7x_3 = 3; x_1 + 4x_2 + 6x_3 \leq 5; x_1, x_2 \geq 0, x_3 \text{ is unrestricted.}$$

- 6 a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{1.2} e^{-x^2} dx$  using (i) Simpson's  $1/3^{\text{rd}}$  rule (ii) Simpson's  $3/8^{\text{th}}$  rule, taking (9)

$$h=0.2.$$

- b) Convert the following LPP to the standard form: (6)

$$\text{Maximize } Z = 3x_1 + 5x_2 + 7x_3$$

$$\text{subject to } \begin{array}{ll} 6x_1 - 4x_2 \leq 5 & 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 5x_3 \geq 11, \\ 4x_1 + 3x_3 \leq 2 & x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{array}$$

### PART C

*Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.*

- 7 a) Solve  $y' = y^2 + x; y(0) = 1$  by using Taylor series method and compute  $y(0.1)$  (10)  
and  $y(0.2)$ .

- b) Solve by Crank Nicholson's implicit method  $u_t = u_{xx}, 0 < x < 1, t > 0$  with (10)  
 $u(x, 0) = 100(x - x^2), u(0, t) = 0$  and  $u(1, t) = 0$ . Compute  $u$  for one time step with  
 $h=0.25$

- 8 a) Using steepest descent method. minimize  $f(x_1, x_2) = 2x_1^2 + x_2^2$  with the starting (10)  
point (1,2). (2 iterations only)

- b) Find the minimum of  $f = x^2 - 1.5x$  by starting from 0 with an initial step size (10)  
0.05 by unrestricted search with (i) Fixed step size (ii) Accelerated step size

- 9 a) Find  $y(0.1)$  and  $y(0.2)$  correct to four decimal places by Runge-Kutta fourth (10)  
order method given by  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - x; y(0) = 2$ .

- b) List out any five unconstrained optimization techniques. (5)

- c) Explain: (5)

i) Unimodal Function

ii) Gradient of a function

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