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Reg No.:

Name:

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

Seventh semester B.Tech examinations (S), September 2020

Course Code: EC409 Course Name: CONTROL SYSTEMS

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

Marks

(10)

(5)

(10)

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PART A

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

- 1 a) Compare open loop and closed loop system with suitable examples. (5)
 - b) Find the transfer function using Mason's gain equation



- 2 a) Determine the rise time, peak time, settling time and peak overshoot of a second order control (5) system subjected to a unit step input. The damping ratio = 0.5 and undamped natural frequency w_n = 6 rad/sec.
 - b) Derive an expression for rise time of a second order system.
 - c) Derive an expression for time response of a second order under damped system to step input. (5)
- 3 a) Find the transfer function of the given system using block reduction technique



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b) The block diagram of a unity feedback (negative) system is shown in figure. Determine the (5) steady state error for unit ramp input when K=400. Also determine the value of K for which the steady state error to unit ramp will be 0.02



PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 15 marks.

- 4 a) Comment on the stability of the system whose characteristic equation is given by (5) $s^{5}+2s^{4}+3s^{3}+6s^{2}+2s+1=0$.
 - b) A unity feedback control system has an open loop transfer function (10) G(s)=K(s+9)/s(s+3)(s+5).Sketch the root locus.
- 5 a) Compare PI,PD and PID controllers.
 - b) Sketch the bode plot for the following transfer function and determine phase margin and gain (10) margin. $G(s) = \frac{75(1+0.2s)}{s(s^2+16s+100)}$.
- 6 a) Draw the Nyquist plot for the system whose open loop transfer function is (8)

 $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+2)(s+10)}$. Determine the range of K for which the closed loop system is

stable.

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b) Describe the design procedure of a lag compensator.

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 20 marks.

7 a) A linear system representation in state space is given as

$$X = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Apply Kalman's test to find whether the system is completely observable.

- b) A system is represented by the differential equation y"+3y+2y = r"+2r+2r.Obtain a state (7) model in controllable canonical form. Draw the state diagram.
- c) Obtain the state model for the given transfer function

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + s + 1}$$

8 a) Explain the procedure of jury test.

(5)

(8)

(5)

(7)

(5)

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- b) The input-output relation of a sampled data system is described by the equation (7) c(k+2)+3c(k+1)+4c(k) = r(k+1) r(k). Determine the z-transfer function.
 c) Determine the state transition matrix of A= [0 1 0 -2] (8)
- 9 a) An electrical network is shown in fig. a Select asset of proper state variables and write down a state equation, in physical-variable form, to represent the system (10)



b) For the sampled data control system shown if Fig, find the response to unit step input where (10)

