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Reg No.:

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# APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION(S), DECEMBER 2019

# **Course Code: ME204**

### **Course Name: THERMAL ENGINEERING**

Max. Marks: 100

**Duration: 3 Hours** 

Marks

(4)

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#### Use of Approved data books are permitted PART A

# Answer any three full questions, each carries 10marks.

- Steam at a pressure of 15 bar and 250°C is expanded through a turbine to a (10) pressure of 4 bar. It is then reheated at constant pressure to 250 °C and finally expanded to 0.1 bar. Find out the efficiency of this cycle. What will be the efficiency without reheating? Pump work can be neglected.
- 2 a) Derive the expression for critical pressure for maximum discharge through a (7) nozzle.

b) Discuss the merits and demerits of water tube boiler over fire tube boiler. (3)

- 3 What do you meant by governing of steam turbine? Explain different methods of (10) governing.
- 4 a) Differentiate between impulse and reaction turbines. (4)
  - b) Define i) stage efficiency ii) degree of reaction iii) reheat factor. (6)

#### PART B

#### Answer any three full questions, each carries 10marks.

- 5 a) Compare two stroke and four stroke engines. (4)
  b) Prove that efficiency of Ericsson cycle is same as that of Carnot cycle (6)
  a) Explain the concept of stratified charge engines and mention its advantages over (6) conventional engines.
  - b) What do you meant by turbo charging and supercharging?
  - A single cylinder 4 stroke engine was tested and following observations were (10) noted. Area of indicator diagram = 3 cm<sup>2</sup>. Length of indicator diagram = 4 cm. Indicator spring constant is 10 bar/cm. Speed of the engine is 400 rpm. Brake drum diameter = 120 cm. Dead weight on brake = 380 N. Spring balance reading is 50 N. Fuel consumption rate is 2.8 kg/hr and calorific value of the fuel is 42000 kJ/kg. Bore is 16 cm and stroke is 20 cm. Find frictional power,

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mechanical efficiency, specific fuel consumption and brake thermal efficiency. 8 a) Write short notes on (i) LPG (ii) CNG (iii) Biogas (6)b) Define equivalence ratio and explain its significance. (4)PART C Answer any four full questions, each carries 10marks. 9 How catalytic converter helps to reduce emission of an engine? a) (6) **b**) Explain about Octane and Cetane rating of fuels. (4)10 With the help of a pressure – crank angle diagram explain different stages of CI (10)engine combustion. 11 Explain detonation in SI engine with the help of auto ignition theory. What are (10)the factors effecting detonation? Also mention various effects caused by detonation. 12 a) Differentiate between open cycle gas turbine and closed cycle gas turbine. (4) b) Derive the expression for optimum pressure ratio for maximum work output. (6) 13 Air enters an open cycle gas turbine plant at 1 bar and 30 °C. The pressure ratio (10)of the plant is 5.6. Compression is carried out in two stages with perfect intercooling in between. Maximum temperature of the cycle is limited to 700 °C. Isentropic efficiency of both the compressors are 85% and that of turbine is 90%. Air flow rate is 1.2 kg/S. Determine the power developed and efficiency of the plant.  $C_p = 1.02 \text{ kJ/kgK}$  and  $\gamma = 1.41$  for both air and gas. Mass of fuel can be neglected.

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With the help of T-S diagrams explain how intercooling, reheating and (10) regeneration improve the performance of gas turbine cycle.

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