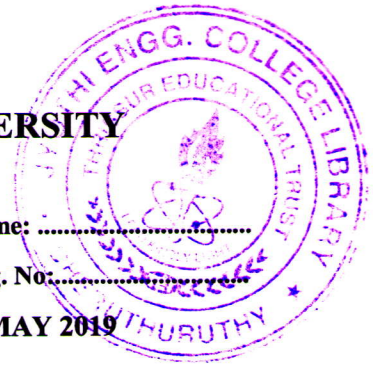


**APJ ABDULKALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY  
08 PALAKKAD CLUSTER**



Q. P. Code : CE0819204-I

(Pages: 3)

Name: .....

Reg. No: .....

**SECOND SEMESTER M.TECH. DEGREE EXAMINATION MAY 2019**

Branch: Civil Engineering

Specialization: Transportation Engineering

**08CE6204 PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION EVALUATION AND MAINTENANCE**

Time: 3 hours

Max. marks: 60

Answer all six questions.

Modules 1 to 6: Part 'a' of each question is compulsory and answer either part 'b' or part 'c' of each question.

Q.no.	Module 1	Marks
1.a	List out the requirements for an ideal subgrade soil.	3
<b>Answer b or c</b>		
b	Explain the role of geosynthetics in stabilization of pavements with the help of neat sketches.	6
c	Explain the chemical method of stabilization which would be preferred for subgrade soil with high amount of clay fraction.	6
Q.no.	Module 2	Marks
2.a	List out the common equipments used for the construction of a bitumen pavement.	3
<b>Answer b or c</b>		
b	Explain the steps involved in construction of the different layers of an asphalt pavement.	6
c	Depict and explain the salient features of the surface layer of a concrete pavement using a suitable figure.	6
Q.no.	Module 3	Marks
3.a	List out the merits and demerits associated with interlock pavements, if any.	3

**Answer b or c**

- b** List out and explain the steps involved in the mix design of superpave. **6**
- c** Write short notes on polymer modified bitumen used in pavement construction. **6**

<b>Q.no.</b>	<b>Module 4</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>4.a</b>	List out and explain using suitable sketches any three distresses likely to be observed in a concrete pavement.	<b>3</b>

**Answer b or c**

- b** Explain Shahin's deduct value method to determine PCI. **6**
- c** Define the following terms (i) skid resistance (ii) pavement distress index and (iii) structural capacity of pavement. **6**

<b>Q.no.</b>	<b>Module 5</b>	<b>Marks</b>
<b>5.a</b>	Differentiate between destructive and non-destructive methods of pavement testing. Also mention the merits and demerits associated with them.	<b>4</b>

**Answer b or c**

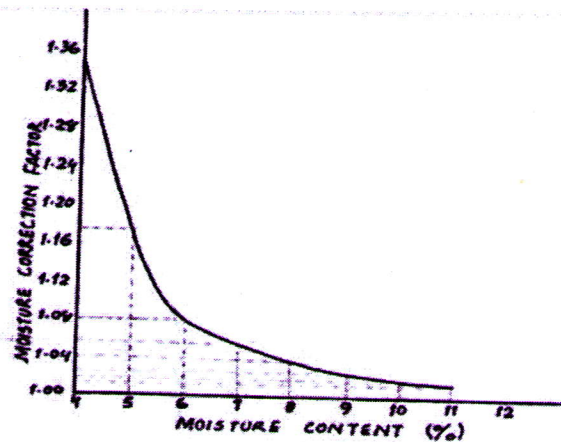
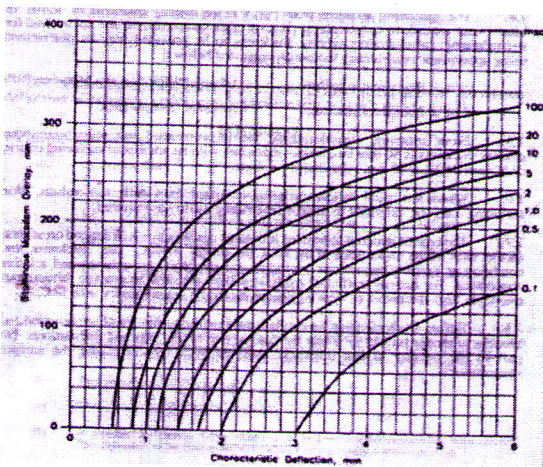
- b** Explain any three methods/equipments used to evaluate the surface roughness of a pavement. **8**

c Design the thickness of the flexible overlay using the following data and graphs:

8

- (i) Two lane single carriageway
- (ii) Initial traffic in the year of completion of construction = 400 CV/day (sum of both directions)
- (iii) Traffic growth rate per annum = 7.5 %
- (iv) Design life = 15 years
- (v) Vehicle Damage Factor = 2.5(Standard axles per commercial vehicle)
- (vi) Mean pavement temperature = 40°C
- (vii) Gravelly/sandy soil type with subgrade moisture content of 5% and low rainfall conditions
- (viii) Dial gauge readings recorded using BBD

Do	Di	Df
100	38	36
100	36	34
100	24	21



Q.no.

Module 6

Marks

6.a Differentiate between routine maintenance and responsive maintenance adopted in pavements. Which type of maintenance would be advised under Indian conditions and why?

4

Answer b or c

b Explain the different methods adopted for rehabilitation of asphalt pavements.

8

c Explain the different methods adopted for maintenance of concrete pavements.

8