T5983 Reg No.: Name:

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERS

FIFTH SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER

Course Code: ME367

Course Name: NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING

Max. Marks: 100 **Duration: 3 Hours**

PART A Answer any three full questions, each carries 10 marks. Marks 1 a) Explain the scope of NDT. (5)b) What technique and device is best suited for inspecting aircraft engine peripheral (5)details? 2 a) Write short note on holography. (5)What are the mechanical aids used in visual inspection? (5) 3 What are the different types of developers? How it can be applied? (5) b) Differentiate between ordinary penetrant testing and fluorescent penetrant (5) testing. Explain the principle of dye penetrant testing. (5) Clearly mention the advantages, disadvantages and applications of DPT (5) PART B Answer any three full questions, each carries 10 marks. 5 An 8 mm thick MS plate of size 300 mm X 250 mm has to be tested for internal 10 defects. Explain the inspection procedure with sketches using magnetic prod. 6 a) Is it essential to demagnetise the specimen before and after the magnetic particle 5 testing? Substantiate your answer. b) A 6 mm carbon steel plate is brought to the testing lab. A magnetic yoke with Ac 5 and DC mode is available. What mode you prefer to reveal internal defects? Why? 7 What are the different wave forms used in ultrasonic testing? 10 8 a) What are the different types of probes used in ultrasonic testing? 5 A 10 mm MS plate has to be tested for delamination. Explain the procedure using 5 ultrasonic equipment

PART C Answer any four full questions, each carries 10 marks.

9	a)	Explain the process of film processing in radiography testing.	5
	b)	Write short note on image quality indicators.	5
10		With suitable diagram explain the process of radiography testing using Cobalt 60	1/10
		isotope.	
11	a)	Compare and contrast between X-ray and Gamma ray.	5
	b)	What are safety measures to be carried out during radiography testing?	5
12		The tube bundle of a shell and tube heat exchanger has to be inspected for	10
		internal corrosion. Suggest the most suitable NDT technique and explain it.	
13	a)	What are the different types of eddy current testing probes?	5
	b)	What are the major limitations of eddy current testing?	5
14	a)	Explain the principle of eddy current testing.	5
	b)	What are the applications and advantages of eddy current testing?	5
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