R/R071

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Reg. No	Name:	
APJ ABDUL KA FOURTH SEMESTER	LAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIV. B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION	ON, MAY 201 PRUTHURUTHT

CS202: COMPUTER ORGANISATION AND ARCHITECTURE (CS, IT)

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 hrs

PART A

Answer all questions. Each carries 3 marks.

- 1. Write notes on condition codes.
- 2. Explain indirect addressing with an example.
- 3. Draw the flow chart for Booth's Multiplication algorithm.
- 4. Explain the process of storing a word in memory using a single bus organization. Specify which all control signals will be activated.

PART B

Answer any two questions. Each carries 9 marks.

- 5. a) Briefly explain the memory access instructions and addressing modes of ARM (4) (5)
 - b) Write notes on multiple bus organization

(4)

- 6. Explain the terms processor stack, stack frame and frame pointer with relation to subroutine processing. Use a relevant example.
- 7. Draw and explain the flow charts for floating point multiplication and division.

PART C

Answer all questions. Each carries 3 marks.

- 8. Differentiate between programmed I/O and interrupt driven I/O.
- 9. Define the terms a)Latency b)Bandwidth c)Memory cycle time
- 10. Why do dynamic RAMs need constant refreshing? How is this done?
- 11. Explain Direct Memory Access. What is burst mode DMA?

PART D

Answer any two questions. Each carries 9 marks.

- 12. a) Distinguish between centralized and distributed bus arbitration?
 - (5) b) Write notes on set associative cache mapping.

Page 1 of 2

PART E

Answer any four questions. Each carries 10 marks.

15. Describe processor organization with diagram using a) scratchpad memory b) Two port memory. (10)

16. Design a 4bit Arithmetic unit which performs the following operations on two inputs A and B, controlled by selection variables s₁ and s₀ and input carry C_{in}: (10)

and B, controlled by selection variables of				
Sı	S ₀	$C_{in}=0$	$C_{in} = 1$	
0	0	F=A	F=A+1	
0	1	F=A+B	F=A+B+1	
1	0	F=A+B'	F=A+B'+1	
1	1	F=A-1	F=A	

17. a) Write notes on status register.

(5)

b) Distinguish between horizontal and vertical microinstructions.

(5)

- 18. What is the significance of a micro program sequencer? Explain its working with the help of a diagram.
- 19. Explain micro programmed CPU organization with the help of a diagram.
- 20. With the help of a block diagram, describe a complete processor unit with all components and appropriate control variables. Show with an example, how a control word for the processor can be defined.
