D 12042

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FIFTH SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING) [14 SCHRMI EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2016

EC 14 502-LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

Time : Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

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Part A

Answer any eight questions.

- 1. With relevant circuits, explain the operation of voltage comparators.
- 2. How do the open loop gain and closed loop gain of an op-amp differ ?
- 3. Design a practical integrator circuit with a dc gain of 10 to integrate a square wave of 10 kHz.
- 4. A certain BPF has a centre frequency of 15 kHz and bandwidth of 1 kHz. Determine Q and classify the filter as narrow band or wideband.
- 5. Design a 1 kHz active notch filter.
- 6. Elaborate the monostable operation of IC 555 timer.
- 7. Elaborate the voltage to frequency converters.
- 8. Explain how the IC 565 PLL can be used as a FSK demodulator.
- 9. Perform closed loop analysis of PLL.
- 10. What is the need for phase detector in PLL ? Give reason.

$(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer all questions

- 11. (a) Define the following DC characteristics of operational amplifier.
 - (i) Input bias current.
 - (ii) Input offset current.
 - (iii) Input offset voltage.

Suggest a suitable compensation technique for each of the above.

Or

- (b) Describe the working of an analog multiplier using emitter coupled transistor pair.
- 12. (a) Design an op-amp based second order active low pass filter with a cut off frequency of 2 kHz.

Or

(b) Explain the working principle of RC phase shift sine wave generator using op-amp and derive the expression for F.

13. (a) With circuit, explain the current mode type DAC's. Compare with the voltage mode type.

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Or

- (b) Describe the operation of dual slope and successive approximation type ADC. What are the advantages of dual slope ADC ?
- 14. (a) With usual notations, show that the lock-in range of PLL is $\Delta f_{\rm L} = \frac{\pm f_0}{V}$.

Or

- (b) A PLL is locked on to an incoming signal with a frequency of 1 MHz at a phase angle of 50 deg. The VCO signal is at a phase angle of 20 deg. The peak amplitude of the incoming signal is 0.5 V and that of the VCO output signal is 0.7 V.
 - (i) What is VCO frequency?
 - (ii) What is the value of the control voltage being feedback to the VCO at this point?

 $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$