

C 1250

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Name.....

Reg. No.....

FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING) [14 SCHEDULE]
EXAMINATION, APRIL 2016

CE 14 406—SURVEYING—II



Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Part A

I. Answer any *eight* questions out of ten :

- 1 Brief about Instruments constants and Anallactic lens and its uses.
- 2 Brief about different sounding Equipments.
- 3 Explain about Signals used in Triangulation survey.
- 4 Explain the methods of base line measurement.
- 5 Brief about analytical method of Photogrammetry
- 6 Explain the procedure for finding azimuth by equal altitude method
- 7 Classify and explain the remote sensing.
- 8 Explain about raster and vector.
- 9 Explain about substance bar and its uses
- 10 Brief about Probable error and most probable value

(8 × 5 = 40 marks)

Part B

II. Answer *all* questions :

- 11 Stadia Observations were taken using a tacheometer fitted with Anallactic lens and 4 m staff.

Inst at	Sight to	Bearing	Vert. angle	Stadia reading	Remarks
A	M	30°	10° 11' 40"	0.500 2.000 3.500	Vertical staff
A	N	120°	- 7° 31' 40"	0.600 2.100 3.600	Vertical staff

Calculate the distance MN and Gradient between MN. Take BM reading as 1.500 and its RL as 255.500.

Or

- 12 Explain in detail about the methods of Sounding.

Turn over

- 13 From a satellite Station S, 60 m from a triangulation Station C, the horizontal angles observed to other stations are as follows :

$$A - 0^{\circ} 00' 00''$$

$$B - 71^{\circ} 54' 32''$$

$$C - 296^{\circ} 12' 02''$$

The approximate Lengths of AC and BC are 18024 m and 23761 m respectively. Compute angle subtended at C by the line AB Explain the Bessel's Three Point Problem with neat diagram.

Or

- 14 Find the most probable value of angles A, B and C of a triangle ABC, from the following observation equations :

$$A = 68^{\circ} 12' 36''$$

$$B = 53^{\circ} 46' 12''$$

$$C = 58^{\circ} 01' 16''$$

- 15 Explain the different co-ordinate systems in astronomical surveying with neat surveying.

Or

- 16 Explain the methods of aerial surveying.
17 Explain the Principles and applications of GIS.

Or

- 18 Explain the Basic principles of remote sensing.

(4 × 15 = 60 marks)