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COMBINED FIRST AND SECOND SEMESTER B.TECH (ENGINEERING) [09 SCHEME] DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2015 HY

PTEN/EN 09 105-ENGINEERING MECHANICS

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 70 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. What is free body diagram and explain its importance.
- 2. State the principle of resultant and equilibrant of coplanar concurrent force systems.
- 3. State and explain parallel axis theorem.
- 4. State and explain D'Alemberts principle.
- 5. With suitable example, explain tangential and normal acceleration.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 6. The point of application of a force F = 5i + 10j 15k is displaced from the point A(i + 0j + 3k) to the point B(3i j 6k). Find the work done by the force.
- 7. Show that angle of repose is equal to the angle of friction.
- 8. Locate the centroid of the trapezium with parallel side 'a' and 'b' and height 'h'.
- 9. Derive an expression for MI of a sphere about its diameter.
- 10. A train of mass 250 × 10³ kg. starts from rest and accelerate uniformly to a speed of 81 km./hr. in 20s. The total frictional resistance to motion is 20 kN. Determine (i) the maximum power required; (ii) Power required to maintain the speed of 81 km./hr.
- 11. A particle moves with constant speed of 6 m/s. along the parabolic path $y = kx^2$. Determine its acceleration at a point (10 m. 5m.) on the parabola.

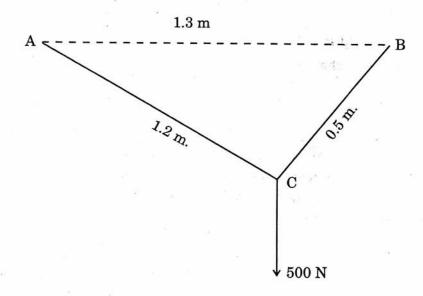
 $(4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Turn over

Part C

Answer section (a) or section (b) of each question. Each question carries 10 marks.

12. (a) Two cables ΛC and BC are tied together at the point C to support a load of 500 N at C. A and B are at a distance of 1.3 m. and are on the same horizontal plane. AC and BC are 1.2 m. and 0.5 m. respectively. Find the tensions in AC and BC.



Or

- (b) A rope 9 m. long is connected at A and B, two points. On the same level 8 m. apart. A load of 300 N is suspended from a point C on the rope, 3 m. from A. What load connected to a point D, on the rope, 2 m. from B is necessary to keep portion CD parallel to AB.
- 13. (a) Determine the MI and radii of gyration of a T section about its Centroidal axes of sizes of top flange and web are 80 mm. × 20 mm. and 20 mm × 100 mm respectively.

Or

(b) A ball of mass 2 kg. and moving with a velocity of 6 m/s. impinges on a ball of 4 kg. and moving with a velocity of 2 m/s. If their velocities before impact be parallel and inclined at 30° to the lines of centres, find the magnitude and direction of velocity each ball after impact. Take Coefficients of restitution is 0.5.

14. (a) A solid cylindrical pulley of mass 800 kg. having 0.9 m. radius of gyration and 2 m. diameter is rotated by an electric motor which exerts a uniform torque of 65 kN-m. A body of mass 3t is to be lifted by a wire wrapped round the pulley. Find the acceleration of the body and tension of the rope.

Or

- (b) A force of 300 N acts on a body of mass 150 kg. calculate the acceleration of the system using D'Alemberts principle.
- 15. (a) Two weights of 300 N and 450 N are connected to the two ends of a rope passing over a smooth frictionless pulley. With what acceleration the heavier mass comes down? What is the tension in the string?

Or

(b) Three bodies, a sphere, a cylinder and a hoop each having the same mass and radius are released from rest from an inclined plane of angle θ . Determine the velocity of each of the bodies after it has rolled down the inclined plane through a distance S.

 $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$