

THIRD SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING) [09 SCHEME EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2014

EC 09 306/PTEC 09 305-ELECTRICAL ENGINEERIN

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 70 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Why does a transformer have an iron core?
- 2. What are effects of armature reaction on flux distribution in a d.c. machine?
- 3. List out the applications of D.C. shunt motors.
- 4. Define distribution factor.
- 5. How will you improve the starting torque of a 3-phase induction motor?

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any four questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 1. A 8-pole d.c. generator has 500 armature conductors and a useful flux of 0.05 Wb. What will be the e.m.f. generated, if it is lap connected and runs at 1200 r.p.m.? What must be the speed at which it is to be drives to produce same e.m.f., if it is wave wounded?
- 2. Write short notes on transformer losses.
- 3. Distinguish between cross magnetization and demagnetization effects of armature reaction.
- 4. Discuss effect of armature reaction on terminal voltage of a synchronous generator at various power factor loads.
- 5. Draw equivalent circuit diagram of a three-phase induction motor.
- 6. Discuss blocked rotor test for an induction motor.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C

Answer **one** question from each module. Each question carries 10 marks.

Module I

1. Explain characteristics of series wound D.C. generators.

Or

2. Explain the principle of operation of a D.C. motor. Derive an expression for back e.m.f. in a D.C. motor.

Module II

3. Explain the working principle of a moving iron instrument.

Or

4. Explain construction and working of an autotransformer.

Module III

5. A 2000 V, 3-phase star connected synchronous motor has an effective resistance and synchronous reactance of $0.2\,\Omega$ and $2.2\,\Omega$ respectively. The input is 800 kW at a normal voltage and the generated lime e.m.f. is 2500 V. Calculate line current and power factor.

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6. Explain construction features of a salient pole alternator.

Module IV

7. Draw and explain equivalent circuit of a three-phase induction motor.

Or

8. (a) Explain power flow diagram of a three-phase induction motor.

(5 marks)

(b) Derive condition for maximum torque of a three-phase induction motor under running condition.

(5 marks)

 $[4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks}]$