Name.

Reg.

SEVENTH SEMESTER B.Tech. (ENGINEERING) DEGREEN NOVEMBER 2013

Mechanical Engineering

ME/PTME 09 703-METROLOGY AND INSTRUMENTATION

(2009 Scheme)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 70 Marks

Part A (Answer all questions)

- 1. Define precision.
- 2. Define sensitivity of an instrument?
- 3. What is a sensor?
- 4. What are the requirements of a conductive material to be used in resistance thermometer?
- 5. What is wringing?

(5x2m=10marks)

Part B (Answer any four questions)

- 6. What are the three basic sources of static errors?
- 7. Differentiate systematic and random error.
- A Mc lead gauge is available which has a volume V_B of 150cm³ and a capillary diameter of 1.5mm. Calculate the gauge reading for a pressure of 40micrometer on Hg.
- 9. What are the features of resistance wire thermometers?
- 10. What are the features of a resistance wire thermometer?
- 11. What is the principle of hot wire Anemometer?

(4x5m=20marks)

Part C

12. Briefly explain the method of high gain feedback for reducing the effects of spurious inputs.

OF

- 13. How uncertainty be obtained by Kline & Mclintock approach..
- 14. Write a short note on characteristics of LVDT.

OR

- 15. Briefly explain the working principle of any two common thermal conductivity gauges.
- 16. Briefly explain the principle, advantages and disadvantages of electromagnetic flow meters.

OR

- 17. Write a short note on (a) Liquid in glass thermometer and (b) Linear Quartz thermometer.
- 18. Write a short note on two wire ad three wire method.

OR

19. Briefly explain the principle of Vernier Clinometer and Micrometer Clinometer.

(4x10m=40marks)