

SEVENTH SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING EXAMINATION, NOVEMBER 2013

EE 09 704—ELECTRICAL MACHINE DESIGN

Time: Three Hours

Part A

Answer all questions.

- 1. Discuss the design of series field is a d.c. machine.
- 2. Write a note on three winding transformer.
- 3. Discuss the calculation of core area in a transformer.
- 4. Write a note on damper windings.
- 5. Write down two equations to find out the length of air gap of 3 \(\phi \) Im.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Answer any four questions.

- What are the guiding factors for choice of number of armature slots.
- 7. Write notes on squares, cruciform and stepped cores and discuss their design.
- 8. Write a note on choice of specific magnetic loading in a.c. machines.
- 9. Derive an equation for per unit leakage reactance of synchronous machine.
- Derive an expression for end ring current.
- 11. What are the rules for selecting rotor slots for 3 phase squirrel cage Im.

 $(4 \times 5 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Part C

12. Calculate the diameter and length of armature for a 7.5 kW, 4 pole, 1000 r.p.m. 220V shunt motor. Given: full load η – 0.83 maximum gap flux density – 0.9 wb/m², specific electric loading – 30,000 ampere conductors per meter, field form factor – 0.7. Assume that the maximum efficiency occurs at full load and the field current is 2.5% of rated current. The pole face is square.

13. A 500 kW, 460V, 8 pole, 375 r.p.m. compound generator has an armature diameter of 1.1 m and a core length of 0.33 m. Design a symmetrical armature winding, giving the detail of equalizers. The ampere conductors per meter are 34,000. The internal voltage drop is 4 per cent of terminal voltage and the field current is 1 per cent of output current.

The ratio of pole arc to pole pitch is 0.7. The voltage between adjacent segments at no load should not exceed 15 V and the slot loading should not exceed 1,500 A. The diameter of commutator is 0.65 of armature diameter and the minimum allowable pitch of segments is 4 mm. Make other suitable assumptions.

14. Calculate approximate overall dimensions for a 200 KVA, 6600/440V, 50 Hz, 3 phase core type transformer. The following data may be assumed. e.m.f. per turn – 10V, maximum flux density – 1.3 wb/m², current density – 2.5 A/mm², window space factor – 0.3, overall height = overall width, stacking factor – 0.9. Use a three stepped core for a three stepped core width of largest stamping 0.9 d and net iron area 0.6 d².

Or

- 15. A single phase, 400V, 50Hz transformer is built from stampings having a relative permeability of 1,000. The length of flux path is 2.5 m, the area of cross section of the core is 2.5 × 10⁻³ m² and the primary winding has 800 turns. Estimate the maximum flux and no load current of the transformer. The iron loss at the working flux density is 2.6w/kg. Iron weighs 7.8 × 10³ kg/m³ stacking factor is 0.9.
- 16. Design the suitable values of diameter and length of a 75 MVA, 11kV, 50Hz, 3000 r.p.m. 3 phase Y connected alternator. Also determine the value of flux, conductors per slot, number of turns per phase and size of armature conductor.

Given average gap density - 0.6 Tesla

Ampere conductors per m - 50,000

Peripheral speed — 180 m/sec

Winding factor - 0.95

Current density — 6A/mm².

Or

17. A 1250 KVA, 3 phase, 6600 V, salient pole alternator has the following data: Air gap diameter -1.6m, length of core-0.45 m number of poles - 20, armature ampere conductors per meter - 28,000, ratio of pole arc to pole pitch - 0.68, stator slot pitch -28 mm current density in damper bars-3A/mm². Design a suitable damper winding for the machine.

18. Calculate (i) diameter; (ii) length; (iii) number of turns per phase; (iv) full load current and cross section of conductors and (v) total I² R loss of stator of a 3 phase, 120 kW, 2200 V, 50 Hz, 750 r.p.m, star connected slip ring induction motor from the following particulars. B_{ar} - 0.48 T, ac-26000 amp conductors / m efficiency -92%, power factor -0.88, L = 1.25 τ kW - 0.955. Current density - 5A/mm², mean length of stator conductors - 75 cm, ρ = 0.021 ohm per m and mm² section.

Or

- 19. The following design data are provided for an induction motor. Calculate
 - (i) No load maximum flux.
 - (ii) Length of air gap.
 - (iii) Number of turns per phase.
 - (iv) Rotor bar current and area
 - (v) End ring current of area and
 - (vi) Losses in bars and end rings.

Diameter of stator bore -15 cm, length of stator core -9 cm, average flux density -0.45 Tesla, efficiency -84%, power factor -0.86, 3 phase 4 pole, 400 V, delta connected 10 kW frequency -50 Hz current density $-5A/\text{mm}^2$, stator slots -36, rotor slots -30, length of rotor bar -15 cm, mean diameter of end ring -12 cm.

 $(4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ marks})$