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THIRD SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING) DEGREE EXAMINATION
NOVEMBER 2013

Mathematics

EN 09 301—ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS—III

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 70 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

1. Define Harmonic functions.
2. Find the image of the circle $|z| = a$ under the transformation $w = (3 + 4i)z$.
3. State Cauchy's integral formula.
4. Show that the intersection of any two subspaces U and W of a vector space V is also a subspace.
5. Find the Fourier Cosine transform of e^{-ax} ($a > 0$).

(5 × 2 = 10 marks)

Part B

Answer any four questions.

6. Find the analytic function $w = u + iv$, if $v = e^{-x}(x \cos y + y \sin y)$. Hence find u .
7. Find the image of the semi-infinite strip $0 \leq x \leq \pi, y \geq 0$ under the transformation $w = \cos z$.
8. Find the residues at the isolated singularities of the function $\frac{z^2}{z^2 + a^2}$.
9. Determine whether the vectors (2, 1, 1), (5, 2, 1) and (4, 3, 5) form a basis for the vector space \mathbb{R}^3 .
10. Find the Fourier transform of $f(x)$ if

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & |x| < a \\ 0, & |x| > a > 0 \end{cases}$$

Hence deduce that

Turn over

$$(a) \int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin t}{t} dt = \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

$$(b) \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin t}{t}\right)^2 dt = \frac{\pi}{2}.$$

11. Show that any set of *three* vectors in \mathbb{R}^2 is linearly dependent.

(4 × 5 = 20 marks)

Part C

Answer all questions as per choice given.

12. (a) If $f(z) = \sqrt{|xy|}$, prove that $f(z)$ satisfies Cauchy–Riemann equations at the origin but it is not analytic at the origin.

Or

(b) Prove that $w = \frac{z}{1-z}$ maps the upper half of the z -plane onto the upper half of the w -plane.

What is the image of the circle $|z| = 1$ under this transformation ?

13. (a) Obtain Laurent's expansion for $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$ valid in the regions :

(i) $|z-1| < 1$.

(ii) $|z| > 2$.

Or

(b) Using Contour integration show that

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{\cos 3\theta}{5-4\cos\theta} d\theta = \frac{\pi}{12}.$$

14. (a) Let U and W be the subspaces of \mathbb{R}^4 generated by $\{(1, 1, 0, -1), (1, 2, 3, 0), (2, 3, 3, -1)\}$, and $\{(1, 2, 2, -2), (2, 3, 2, -3), (1, 3, 4, -3)\}$ respectively, find

(i) $\dim(U + W)$.

(ii) $\dim(U \cap W)$.

Or

(b) Verify that the vectors $\left(\frac{1}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}\right)$; $\left(\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3}\right)$ and $\left(\frac{2}{3}, \frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}\right)$ form an orthonormal basis for $V_3(\mathbb{R})$ relative to the standard inner product.

15. (a) If $F[f(x)] = \bar{f}(s)$, then show that $F[f(ax)] = \frac{1}{|a|} \bar{f}\left(\frac{s}{a}\right)$.

Or

(b) Find the Fourier sine transform of e^{-ax} ($a > 0$). Hence find $F_s\{xe^{-ax}\}$ and $F_s\left\{\frac{e^{-ax}}{x}\right\}$.

(4 × 10 = 40 marks)