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FOURTH SEMESTER B.TECH. (ENGINEERING) DEGREE FEBRUARY 2013

ME 04 405—ADVANCED MECHANICS OF SOLID

Time: Three Hours

Answer all questions.

Part A

- I. (a) Explain with sketch the three-dimensional stress at a point.
 - (b) Explain the variation of stress at the boundary of a body.
 - (c) Explain about stress concentration.
 - (d) What is known as Airy's stress function?
 - (e) Explain the principle of superposition.
 - (f) State Castigliano's I and II theorems.
 - (g) State Saint Venant's principle.
 - (h) Give examples for members subjected to:
 - (i) Pure bending alone.
- (ii) Torsion alone.
- (iii) Bending and torsion.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Part B

II. (a) For a material with G = 80 GPa and E = 200 GPa, determine the strain tensor for a state of stress given by

$$\begin{bmatrix} 20 & -4 & 5 \\ -4 & 0 & 10 \\ 5 & 10 & 15 \end{bmatrix}$$
MPa.

Or

(b) Show that the following stress components satisfy the equilibrium equations of elastic body whose body forces are zero:

$$\sigma_x = Azx^2 - \frac{Bx^3}{3}$$
 $\sigma_y = -Bxy^2 + \frac{Cy^3}{3}$ $\sigma_z = Cyz^2 + \frac{Az^3}{3}$

Turn over

$$\tau_{xy} = B x^2 y$$
 $\tau_{yz} = -C y^2 z$ $\tau_{zx} = -A z^2 x$

III. (a) Consider a thick-walled cylinder of inner and outer radii r_i and r_0 , respectively. When the cylinder is subjected to a uniform external pressure P_0 , the circumferential stress σ_0 at r_i has the magnitude σ . It is required to reduce the magnitude of this stress to 0.8 σ by the simultaneous applications of a uniform internal pressure P_i , determine the relation of P_0 to P_i .

Or

- (b) A solid disk 300 mm in diameter rotates at 10,000 r.p.m. and is subjected at its outer rim to a radial tension of 100 MPa. The disk material is steel for which v = 0.28 and the specific weight = 78 kN/m^3 . If the thickness at the disk center is 20 mm, find the thickness at the outer rim for a risk of uniform strength. What is the value of the maximum stress in a solid disk of uniform thickness of 20 mm operating under the same conditions?
- IV. (a) A wooden, simply supported beam of length L is subjected to a uniform load p. Determine the beam length and the loading necessary to develop simultaneously $\sigma_{\max} = 0.7$ MPa and $\tau_{\max} = 0.7$ MPa. Take thickness t = 0.05 m and depth h = 0.15 m.

Or

(b) Investigate the following stress function. Determine the loading and boundary conditions that satisfy

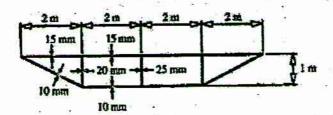
$$\phi = -\frac{F}{d^3} xy^2 (3d - 2y)$$
.

Applied to the region included in y = 0, y = d, x = 0 on the side x positive.

V. (a) A steel bar of slender rectangular cross-section (5 mm × 125 mm) is subjected to twisting moments of 80 N.m at the ends. Calculate the maximum shearing stress and the angle of twist per unit length. Take G = 80 GPa.

Or

(b) A thin walled bridge deck having singly symmetric cross-section as shown in the figure below Determine the torsional stiffness of the section, T/θ', in (kN m² /degree) if, the shear modulus is constant throughout and of value 70,000 N/mm².



 $(4 \times 15 = 60 \text{ marks})$