

IC/AI 04-502—CONTROL ENGINEERING

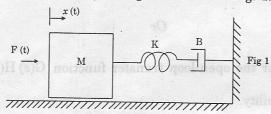
Time: Three Hours



Part A

Answer all questions.

- 1. (a) Draw a signal flow graph for a series RLC circuit.
 - (b) Draw force voltage analogy for system given below in Fig. 1.



- (c) Distinguish between Static error coefficients and Dynamic error coefficients.
- (d) Check whether characteristic equation is stable or not using Routh Hurwitz criterion: $s^3 + 4.5s^2 + 3.5s + 1.5 = 0$.
- (e) Sketch shape of polar plot for the open-loop transfer function $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(1+s)}$.
- (f) Define terms gain cross over frequency and phase cross over frequency.
- (g) List out the properties of a state transition matrix.
- (h) Write state space representation is phase variable for system whose closed loop transfer function

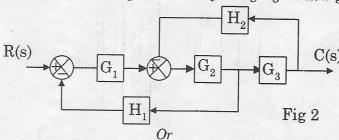
is
$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{24}{s^3 + 9s^2 + 26s + 24}$$
.

 $(8 \times 5 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Part B

Unit I

2. (a) Reduce block diagram given in Fig. 2 and verify using signal flow graph:



Turn over

(b) Derive the transfer function of an armature controlled DC servo motor.

Unit II

3. (a) Derive the time response of a second order under damped system when subjected to unit step input.

70 IC/A1 04-502—CONTROL ENGINEERING

(b) Sketch root locus for the open-loop transfer function $G(s)H(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+3)\left(s^2+4s+9\right)}$. Comment on stability.

Unit III

4. (a) Derive expressions for resonant frequency, peak resonance, bandwidth and gain margin of a second order system.

Or

(b) Sketch nyquist plot for the open-loop transfer function $G(s) H(s) = \frac{1}{s^2(1+s)}$. Comment on closed-loop system stability.

Unit IV

5. (a) Obtain response of system described by state equation:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1^{\bullet} \\ x_2^{\bullet} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u.$$

where u is unit step input. Given initial conditions $x(0) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Or

- (b) Obtain state space model for the transfer function $G(s) = \frac{s}{(s+2)(s+3)}$ using
- (i) Parallel decomposition.
 - (ii) Cascade decomposition.
 - (iii) Direct decomposition.

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