

Reg No.: _____

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APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

B.Tech Degree S3 (S, FE) (FT/WP/SIPT) Examinations May/June 2026 (2019 Scheme)

**Course Code: MAT203****Course Name: Discrete Mathematical Structures**

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A*Answer all questions. Each question carries 3 marks*

Marks

- 1 Determine the truth values of the following implications. (3)
 - (i.) If $3+4=12$, then $3+2=16$.
 - (ii.) If $3+3=6$, then $3+4=9$.
- 2 Show that the statement $\forall x \exists y p(x, y)$ and $\exists y \forall x p(x, y)$ are not logically equivalent in the universe of integers. (3)
- 3 Find the number of non negative integer solutions of (3)
$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 + x_6 < 10.$$
- 4 Find the coefficient of a^5b^2 , in the expansion of $(2a - 3b)^7$.
- 5 Define irreflexive relation on a set. Give an example. (3)
- 6 Define a relation R on $\mathbb{Z}$ by aRb if $a - b$ is a nonnegative even integer. Verify (3)that R defines a partial order for $\mathbb{Z}$.
- 7 Find the exponential generating function for the sequences (3)
 - (i) $1, -1, 1, -1, 1, -1, \dots$
 - (ii) $a, a^3, a^5, a^7, \dots$
- 8 If $a_n, n \geq 0$, is the unique solution of the recurrence relation (3)
$$a_{n+1} - da_n = 0, a_3 = \frac{153}{49}, a_5 = \frac{1377}{2401},$$
 what is d ?
- 9 Let $A = \{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$. Define $*$ on A by $x * y = \max\{x, y\}$. Verify $(A, *)$ is a (3)commutative monoid.
- 10 Define a group. Give an example. (3)

PART B*Answer any one full question from each module. Each question carries 14 marks***Module 1**

- 11(a) For any primitive statements r, q and s , show that $(r \wedge s) \rightarrow q \Leftrightarrow \neg(r \wedge s) \vee q$. (7)

- (b) Show that $p \wedge (\neg q \vee r)$ and $p \vee (q \vee \neg r)$, where p, q and r are primitive statements are not logically equivalent. (7)

12(a) For primitive statements p, q ,

- (i.) Verify that $p \rightarrow [q \rightarrow (p \wedge q)]$ is a tautology.
 (ii.) Is $(p \vee q) \rightarrow [q \rightarrow (p \wedge q)]$ a tautology? (7)

- (b) (i) Consider the two statements in the set of all integers,

$$p(x): x \text{ is odd}, q(x): x^2 - 1 \text{ is even.}$$

Find the truth or falsity of the statement $\forall x[p(x) \rightarrow q(x)]$ and find It's negation.

- (iii.) Let $p(x, y), q(x, y)$ and $r(x, y)$ represents three open statements, with the replacement for the variables x, y chosen from the prescribed universes. Find the negation of the following statement.
 $\forall x \exists y[(p(x, y) \wedge q(x, y)) \rightarrow r(x, y)].$ (7)

Module 2

- 13(a) Determine the number of integers between 1 and 10,000 inclusive, which are divisible by none of 5, 6, or 8. (9)
- (b) List all derangements of 1,2,3,4. (5)
- 14(a) Determine in how many ways can the letters in the word ARRANGEMENT be arranged so that (9)
- (i.) There are exactly two pairs of consecutive identical letters.
 (ii.) At least two pairs of consecutive identical letters.
- (b) Find the number of arrangements of the letters in TALLAHASSEE with no adjacent A's. (5)

Module 3

- 15(a) Define R on $A = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12\}$ by xRy if $x - y$ is a multiple of 5. (8)
- (i.) Show that R is an equivalence relation on A .
 (ii.) Determine the equivalence classes and partition of A induced by A .
- (b) Define the followings with examples. (6)
- (i.) Maximal and minimal elements.
 (ii.) Least element and greatest element.

(iii.) Upper bound and lower bound.

16(a) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 12\}$, with divides (8)

(i) Construct the matrix tables for $glb\{x, y\}$ and $lub\{x, y\}$ in $(A, |)$.

(ii) Construct the meet-join table.

(iii) Is $(A, |)$ a lattice?

(iv) Is $lub(12, 18) = lcm\{12, 18\}$?

(b) Define the following terms with examples.

(i.) Poset (6)

(ii.) Lattice

(iii.) Hasse diagram

Module 4

17 Solve the recurrence relations (7)

(a) (i) $a_{n+1} - a_n = 2n + 3, n \geq 0, a_0 = 1,$

(ii) $a_n - a_{n-1} = 3n^2, n \geq 0, a_0 = 7.$

(b) Solve the recurrence relation $2a_{n+3} = 2a_{n+2} + 2a_{n+1} - a_n, n \geq 0,$ (7)

$a_0 = 0, a_1 = 1, a_2 = 2.$

18 (7)

(a) Find the unique solution of the recurrence relation,

(i) $6a_n - 7a_{n-1} = 0, n \geq 1, a_3 = 343,$

(ii) $3a_{n+1} - 4a_n = 0, n \geq 0, a_1 = 5.$

(b) A person invests Rs.100,000 at 12% interest compounded annually.

(i) Find the amount at the end of 1st, 2nd and 3rd year. (7)

(ii) Write the general explicit formula.

Module 5

19(a) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 6, 12\}$, define $*$ on A by $a * b = \gcd\{a, b\}$. Show that $(A, *)$ is a monoid. (7)

(b) State Lagrange's theorem. Use Lagrange's theorem find all possible subgroups of the group $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$. (7)

20(a) For a group G , prove the following. (8)

(i.) The identity of G is unique.

- (ii.) The inverse of each element of G is unique.
 - (iii.) If $a, b, c \in G$ and $ab = ac$, then $b = c$. (Left cancellation property)
 - (iv.) If $a, b, c \in G$ and $ba = ca$, then $b = c$. (Right cancellation property)
- (b) Show that any group G is Abelian if and only if $(ab)^2 = a^2b^2$, $\forall a, b$ in G . (6)
